Supervisor Kim
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

[Planning Code - Zoning – Parking in South of Market]

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Planning Code by amending Sections 151,
151.1, 155, 161, 249.1, <u>and</u> 249.23 and Part VII of Article 9 to 1) remove minimum
parking requirements and establish maximum parking limits in M-1, C-M, and South of
Market districts and the Folsom and Main Residential/Commercial and Fourth and
Freelon Streets Special Use Districts to make them consistent with those of
neighboring districts; 2) require that non-residential and non-hotel parking in C-3 in the
South of Market Mixed Use districts adjacent to Downtown maintain a fee structure
which discourages long-term commuter parking, (3) to make parking controls in the
Mission Bay Districts that are subject to the Planning Code consistent with
requirements of neighboring districts; and (4) 3) adopting findings, including
environmental findings, Section 302 findings, and findings of consistency with the
General Plan and the Priority Policies of Planning Code Section 101.1.

NOTE: Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u>;

Deletions are strike-through italies Times New Roman.

Board amendment additions are double-underlined;

Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Findings.

- (a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 10-1350 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (b) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that these Planning Code amendments will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set

forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. <u>18336</u> and the Board incorporates such reasons herein by reference. A copy of Planning Commission Resolution No. <u>18336</u> is on file with the Board of Supervisors in File No. <u>10-1350</u>.

(c) This Board finds that these Planning Code amendments are consistent with the General Plan and with the priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1 for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. <u>18336</u>, and the Board hereby incorporates such reasons herein by reference.

Section 2. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Section 151, to read as follows:

SEC. 151. SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES.

(a) <u>Applicability</u>. Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in the minimum quantities specified in <u>the following tTable 151</u>, except as otherwise provided in Section 151.1 and Section 161 of this Code. Where the building or lot contains uses in more than one of the categories listed, parking requirements shall be calculated in the manner provided in Section 153 of this Code. Where off-street parking is provided which exceeds certain amounts in relation to the quantities specified in <u>this tTable 151</u>, as set forth in 204.5 of this Code, such parking shall be classified not as accessory parking but as either a principal or a conditional use, depending upon the use provisions applicable to the district in which the parking is located. In considering an application for a conditional use for any such parking, due to the amount being provided, the City Planning Commission shall consider the criteria set forth in Section 157 of this Code.

(b) Minimum parking required.

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Table 151 OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES REQUIRED

Use or Activity	Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces Required
Dwelling, except as	
specified below, and	
except in the Bernal	
Heights Special Use	One for each dwelling unit.
District as provided in	
Section 242.	
Dwelling, in the	
Broadway and North	P up to one car for each two dwelling units; C up to .75 cars
Beach Neighborhood	for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of
Commercial Districts	Section 151.1(f) (g); NP above 0.75 cars for each dwelling
and the Chinatown	unit.
Mixed Use Districts	
Dwelling, in the Telegraph Hill-North Beach Residential Special Use District	P up to three cars for each four dwelling units; C up to one car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1# (g); NP above one car for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling, RC-4, RSD except in the Van Ness Special Use District	One for each four dwelling unitહ.
Dwelling, specifically	None in districts other than RH-1 and RH-2, except, for
designed for and	purposes of determining spaces required by this Code in
occupied by senior	Section 204.5 the number of spaces specified above for the

<u></u>	
citizens, as defined in	district in which the dwelling is located. In RH-1 and RH-2
Section 102.6.1 of this	Districts, one-fifth the number of spaces specified above for
Code, or persons with	the district in which the dwelling is located.
physical disabilities, as	
defined and regulated by	
Section 209.1(m) of this	
Code	
Dwelling, in an	None in districts other than RH-1 and RH-2, except, for
affordable housing	purposes of determining spaces required by this Code in
project as defined by	Section 204.5, the number otherwise required in this Table
Section <u>401</u> 313.1 or	151 for a dwelling unit for the district in which the dwelling is
<i>315.1</i> of this Code.	located.
	None in districts other than RH-2, except for purposes of
	determining spaces required by this Code in Section 204.5
	one for each three bedrooms or for each six beds, whichever
Crown bousing of any	results in the greater requirements, plus one for the manager's
Group housing of any	dwelling unit if any, with a minimum of two spaces required. In
kind	RH-2 Districts, for each three bedrooms or for each six beds,
	whichever results in the greater requirement, plus one for the
	manager's dwelling unit if any, with a minimum of two spaces
	required.
	None, except for purposes of determining spaces, required by this
gno.	Code in Section 204.5 in the South of Market base area, one for each
SRO units	20 units, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit, if any, with a
	minimum of two spaces.

Hotel, inn or hostel in		
NC Districts	0.8 for each guest bedroom.	
Hotel, inn or hostel in districts other than NC	One for each 16 guest bedrooms where the number of guest bedrooms exceeds 23, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit, if any.	
Motel	One for each guest unit, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit, if any.	
Mobile home park	One for each vehicle or structure in such park, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit if any.	
	One for each 16 guest excluding bassinets or for each 2,400	
Hospital or other	square feet of gross floor area devoted to sleeping rooms,	
inpatient medical	whichever results in the greater requirement, provided that	
institution	these requirements shall not apply if the calculated number of	
	spaces is no more than two.	
	None in districts other than RH-1 and RH-2, except for	
Residential care	purposes of determining spaces required by this Code in	
facility	Section 204.5. In RH-1 and RH-2 Districts, one for each 10	
	residents, where the number of residents exceeds nine.	
	One for each 25 children to be accommodated at any one	
Child care facility	time, where the number of such children exceeds 24.	
Elementary school	One for each six classrooms.	
Secondary school	One for each two classrooms.	
Post-secondary educational institution	One for each two classrooms.	
Church or other	One for each 20 seats by which the number of seats in the	

<u> </u>	
religious institutions	main auditorium exceeds 200.
	One for each eight seats up to 1,000 seats where the number
Theater or auditorium	of seats exceeds 50 seats, plus one for each 10 seats in
	excess of 1,000.
Stadium or sports	One for each 15 seats.
arena	One for each 13 seats.
Medical or dental	One for each 300 square feet of occupied floor area, where
office or outpatient	
clinic	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
Offices or studios of	
architects, engineers,	
interior designers and	
other design	One for each 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where
professionals and	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
studios of graphic	
artists	
	One for each 500 square feet of occupied floor area, where
Other business office	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet, except one
	for each 750 square feet within the SSO District, where the occupied
	floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
Restaurant, bar,	
nightclub, pool hall,	One for each 200 equere feet of accomical flags area where
dancehall, bowling	One for each 200 square feet of occupied floor area, where
alley or other similar	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
enterprise	

Retail space devoted	·
to the handling of	
bulky merchandise	One for each 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where
such as motor	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
vehicles, machinery or	
furniture	
Greenhouse or plant	One for each 4,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where
nursery	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
	One for each 500 square feet of occupied floor area up to
Other retail space	20,000 where the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square
Other retail space	feet, plus one for each 250 square feet of occupied floor area
	in excess of 20,000.
Service, repair or	
wholesale sales	
space, including	One for each 1 000 equate fact of equipped floor area, where
personal, home or	One for each 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where
business service	the occupied floor area exceeds 5,000 square feet.
space in South of	
Market Districts.	
Mortuary	Five
Storage or warehouse	
space, and space	
devoted to any use	One for each 2,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where
first permitted in an M-	the occupied floor area exceeds 10,000 square feet.
2 District	
Z District	

Arts activities and spaces except theater or auditorium spaces	One for each 2,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where the occupied floor area exceeds 7,500 square feet.
Other manufacturing and industrial uses	One for each 1,500 square feet of occupied floor area, where the occupied floor area exceeds 7,500 square feet.
Live/work units	One for each 2,000 square feet of occupied floor area, where the occupied floor area exceeds 7,500 square feet, except in RH or RM Districts, within which the requirement shall be one space for each live/work unit.

Section 3. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Section 151.1, to read as follows:

SEC. 151.1. SCHEDULE OF PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES IN SPECIFIED DISTRICTS.

- (a) **Applicability.** This subsection shall apply only to DTR, NCT, Upper Market Street NCD, RTO, Eastern Neighborhood Mixed Use, <u>South of Market Mixed Use</u>, <u>Mission Bay</u>, <u>M-1</u>, PDR-1-D, and PDR-1-G, <u>C-M</u>, or C-3 Districts.
- (b) **Controls.** Off-street accessory parking shall not be required for any use, and the quantities of off-street parking specified in Table 151.1 shall serve as the maximum amount of off-street parking that may be provided as accessory to the uses specified. For non-residential and non-office uses in the UMU, PDR-1-D, and PDR-1-G Districts, the maximum amount of off-street parking that may be provided as accessory shall be no more than 50% greater than that indicated in Table 151.1. Variances from accessory off-street parking limits, as described in this Section, may not be granted. Where off-street parking is provided that exceeds the quantities specified in Table 151.1 or as explicitly permitted by this Section, such

parking shall be classified not as accessory parking but as either a principally permitted or conditional use, depending upon the use provisions applicable to the district in which the parking is located. In considering an application for a conditional use for any such parking due to the amount being provided, the Planning Commission shall consider the criteria set forth in Section 157 and 157.1 of this Code.

- (c) **Definition.** Where a number or ratio of spaces are described in Table 151.1, such number or ratio shall refer to the total number of parked cars accommodated in the project proposal, regardless of the arrangement of parking, and shall include all spaces accessed by mechanical means, valet, or non-independently accessible means. For the purposes of determining the total number of cars parked, the area of an individual parking space, except for those spaces specifically designated for persons with physical disabilities, may not exceed 185 square feet, including spaces in tandem, or in parking lifts, elevators or other means of vertical stacking. Any off-street surface area accessible to motor vehicles with a width of 7.5 feet and a length of 17 feet (127.5 square feet) not otherwise designated on plans as a parking space may be considered and counted as an off-street parking space at the discretion of the Zoning Administrator if the Zoning Administrator, in considering the possibility for tandem and valet arrangements, determines that such area is likely to be used for parking a vehicle on a regular basis and that such area is not necessary for the exclusive purpose of vehicular circulation to the parking or loading facilities otherwise permitted.
- (d) **Car-Share parking.** Any off-street parking space dedicated for use as a car-share parking space, as defined in Section 166, shall not be credited toward the total parking permitted as accessory in this Section.

Table 151.1
OFF-STREET PARKING PERMITTED AS ACCESSORY

Use or Activity	Number of Off-Street Car Parking Spaces or
	Space

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	Devoted to Off-Street Car Parking Permitted
Dwelling units in RH-DTR Districts	P up to one car for each two dwelling units; up to one
	car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and
	procedures of Section 151.1(e); NP above one space
	per unit.
Dwelling units in C-3 and SB-DTR,	P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to
Districts, except as specified below	0.75 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria
	and procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above 0.75
	cars for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units in C-3 and SB-DTR,	P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to one
Districts with at least 2 bedrooms	car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and
and at least 1,000 square feet of	procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above one car for
occupied floor area	each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units in C-3 Districts and	P up to one car for each four dwelling units; C up to .5
in the Van Ness and Market	cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and
Downtown Residential Special Use	procedures of Section 151.1(f); NP above two cars for
District	each four dwelling units.
Dwelling units and SRO units in	P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to
<u>SLI, SSO,</u> MUG, MUR, MUO, SPD	0.75 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria
Districts, except as specified below	and conditions and procedures of Section 151.1(g);
	NP above 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units in <u>SLI, SSO,</u> MUG,	P up to one car for each four dwelling units; up to one
MUR, MUO, SPD Districts with at	car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria and
least 2 bedrooms and at least	conditions and procedures of Section 151.1(g); NP

1,000 square feet of occupied floor	above one car for each dwelling unit.
area	
Dwelling units and SRO units in	P up to one car for each two dwelling units; C up to
NCT, C-M, RSD, and SLR Districts	0.75 cars for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria
and the Upper Market NCD,	and procedures of Section 151.1(g); NP above 0.75
except as specified below	cars for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units in the Mission Bay	P up to one car for each unit; NP above. For Mission
and Ocean Avenue NCT Districts	Bay Use Districts, see Section 960 of this Code.
Dwelling units and SRO units in	P up to three cars for each four dwelling units; C up to
RTO and RED Districts, except as	one car for each dwelling unit, subject to the criteria
specified below	and procedures of Section 151.1(g); NP above one
	car for each dwelling unit.
Dwelling units and SRO units in	P up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling unit and subject to
UMU Districts, except as specified	the conditions of 151.1(g); NP above.
below	
Dwelling units in UMU District with	P up to 1 car for each dwelling unit and subject to the
at least 2 bedrooms and at least	conditions of 151.1(g); NP above.
1,000 square feet of occupied floor	
area	
Group housing of any kind	P up to one car for each three bedrooms or for each
	six beds, whichever results in the greater
	requirement, plus one for the manager's dwelling unit
	if any. NP above.
All non-residential uses in C-3 and	Not to exceed 7% of gross floor area of such uses.

<u>C-M</u> Districts	See requirements in Section 204.5.
Hotel, inn, or hostel	P up to one for each 16 guest bedrooms, plus one for
	the manager's dwelling unit, if any.
Motel	P up to one for each guest unit, plus one for the
	manager's dwelling unit, if any.
Hospital or other inpatient medical	P up to one for each 8 guest beds excluding
institution	bassinets or for each 2,400 square feet of gross floor
	area devoted to sleeping rooms, whichever results in
	the lesser requirement
Residential care facility	P up to one for each 10 residents.
Child care facility	P up to one for each 25 children to be accommodated
	at any one time.
Elementary school	P up to one for each six classrooms.
Secondary school	P up to one for each two classrooms.
Post-secondary educational	P up to one for each two classrooms.
institution	
Church or other religious	P up to one for each 20 seats.
institutions	
Theater or auditorium	P up to one for each eight seats up to 1,000 seats,
	plus one for each 10 seats in excess of 1,000.
Stadium or sports arena	P up to one for each 15 seats.
Medical or dental office or	P up to one for each 300 square feet of occupied floor
outpatient clinic	area.
All office uses in C-3, DTR, <u>C-M,</u>	P up to seven percent of the gross floor area of such

SLR, SSO, Mission Bay, SPD,	uses and subject to the pricing conditions of Section
MUG, MUR, and MUO Districts	155(g); NP above.
Office uses in M-1, UMU, PDR-1-	P up to one car per 1,000 square feet of gross floor
D, and PDR-1-G Districts, except	area and subject to the pricing conditions of Section
as specified below	155(g); NP above.
Office uses in M-1, UMU, PDR-1-	P up to one car per 500 square feet of gross floor
D, and PDR-1-G Districts where	area; NP above.
the entire parcel is greater than	
1/4-mile from Market, Mission, 3rd	
and 4th Streets	
Non-residential uses in RTO and	None permitted.
RM districts permitted under	
Section 231.	
All non-residential uses in NCT,	For uses in Table 151 that are described as a ratio of
RSD, and SLR, districts and the	occupied floor area, P up to 1 space per 1,500 square
Upper Market Street NCD, except	feet of occupied floor area or the quantity specified in
for retail grocery stores with over	Table 151, whichever is less, and subject to the
20,000 gross square feet as	conditions and criteria of Section 151.1(g). NP above.
specified below	
Retail grocery store uses in NCT,	P up 1 space per 500 square feet of occupied floor
RSD, and SLR districts and the	area, and subject to the conditions and criteria of
Upper Market Street NCD with	Section 151.1(g). C up to 1 space per 250 square feet
over 20,000 square feet of	of occupied floor area for that area in excess of
occupied floor area	20,000 square feet, subject to the conditions and
	criteria of Section 151.1(g). NP above.

All retail in the Eastern	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of gross floor
Neighborhoods Mixed Use	area.
Districts where any portion of the	
parcel is less than 1/4 mile from	
Market, Mission, 3rd and 4th	
Streets, except grocery stores of	
over 20,000 gross square feet.	
With the exception of Eastern	P up to one for each 200 square feet of occupied floor
Neighborhoods Mixed Use	area. In South of Market Mixed Use Districts,
Districts as set forth above, all	participation in transportation programs may be required
other restaurant, bar, nightclub,	per Section 151.1(i).
pool hall, dance hall, bowling alley	
or other similar enterprise	
With the exception of Eastern	P up to one for each 1,000 square feet of occupied
Neighborhoods Mixed Use	floor area.
Districts as set forth above, all	
other retail space devoted to the	
handling of bulky merchandise	
such as motor vehicles, machinery	
or furniture	
With the exception of Eastern	P up to one for each 4,000 square feet of occupied
Neighborhoods Mixed Use	floor area.
Districts as set forth above, all	
other greenhouse or plant nursery	
With the exception of Eastern	P up to one for each 500 square feet of gross floor
	Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts where any portion of the parcel is less than 1/4 mile from Market, Mission, 3rd and 4th Streets, except grocery stores of over 20,000 gross square feet. With the exception of Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts as set forth above, all other restaurant, bar, nightclub, pool hall, dance hall, bowling alley or other similar enterprise With the exception of Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts as set forth above, all other retail space devoted to the handling of bulky merchandise such as motor vehicles, machinery or furniture With the exception of Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts as set forth above, all other greenhouse or plant nursery

Neighborhoods Mixed Use	area up to 20,000 square feet, plus one for each 250
Districts as set forth above, all	square feet of gross floor area in excess of 20,000.
other retail space	
Service, repair or wholesale sales	P up to one for each 1,000 square feet of occupied
space, including personal, home or	floor area.
business service space in South of	
Market Districts	
Mortuary	P up to five.
Storage or warehouse space, and	P up to one for each 2,000 square feet of occupied
space devoted to any use first	floor area.
permitted in an M-2 District	
Arts activities and spaces except	P up to one for each 2,000 square feet of occupied
theater or auditorium spaces	floor area. In South of Market Mixed Use Districts,
	participation in transportation programs may be required
	per Section 151.1(i).
Laboratory	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied
	floor area.
Small Enterprise Workspace	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied
Building	floor area.
Integrated PDR	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied
	floor area.
Other manufacturing and industrial	P up to one for each 1,500 square feet of occupied
uses	floor area.

- (e) In DTR districts, any request for accessory parking in excess of what is permitted by right shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Planning Commission, subject to the procedures set forth in Section 309.1 of this Code.
- (1) In granting approval for parking accessory to residential uses above that permitted by right in Table 151.1, the Commission shall make the following affirmative findings:
- (A) All parking in excess of that allowed by right is stored and accessed by mechanical means, valet, or non-independently accessible method that maximizes space efficiency and discourages use of vehicles for commuting or daily errands;
- (B) Vehicle movement on or around the project site associated with the excess accessory parking does not unduly impact pedestrian spaces or movement, transit service, bicycle movement, or the overall traffic movement in the district;
- (C) Accommodating excess accessory parking does not degrade the overall urban design quality of the project proposal;
- (D) All parking in the project is set back from facades facing streets and alleys and lined with active uses, and that the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code; and
- (E) Excess accessory parking does not diminish the quality and viability of existing or planned streetscape enhancements.
- (2) Additionally, in granting approval for such accessory parking above that permitted by right, the Commission may require the property owner to pay the annual membership fee to a certified car-share organization, as defined in Section 166(b)(2), for any resident of the project who so requests and who otherwise qualifies for such membership, provided that such requirement shall be limited to one membership per dwelling unit, when the following findings are made by the Commission:

- (A) that the project encourages additional private-automobile use, thereby creating localized transportation impacts for the neighborhood; and
- (B) that these localized transportation impacts may be lessened for the neighborhood by the provision of car-share memberships to residents.
- (f) In C-3 Districts, any request for accessory parking in excess of what is permitted by right in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Planning Commission, subject to the procedures set forth in Section 309 of this Code.
- (1) In granting approval for parking accessory to residential uses above that permitted by right in Table 151.1, the Planning Commission shall make the following affirmative findings:
- (A) For projects with 50 units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 parking spaces for each dwelling unit shall be stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that allows more space above-ground for housing, maximizes space efficiency and discourages use of vehicles for commuting or daily errands. The Planning Commission may authorize the request for additional parking notwithstanding that the project sponsor cannot fully satisfy this requirement provided that the project sponsor demonstrates hardship or practical infeasibility (such as for retrofit of existing buildings) in the use of space-efficient parking given the configuration of the parking floors within the building and the number of independently accessible spaces above 0.5 spaces per unit is de minimus and subsequent valet operation or other form of parking space management could not significantly increase the capacity of the parking space above the maximums in Table 151.1;
- (B) For any project with residential accessory parking in excess of 0.375 parking spaces for each dwelling unit, the project complies with the housing requirements of Sections 415 315 through 415.9 315.9 of this Code except as follows: the inclusionary housing

requirements that apply to projects seeking conditional use authorization as designated in Section <u>415.3</u> <u>315.3</u>(a)(2) shall apply to the project.

- (C) The findings of Section 151.1(e) (d)(2), (e) (d)(3) and (e) (d)(5) are satisfied;
- (D) All parking meets the active use and architectural screening requirements in Sections 155(s)(1)(B) and 155(s)(1)(C) and the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code.
- (2) Additionally, in granting approval for such accessory parking above that permitted by right, the Commission may require the property owner to pay the annual membership fee to a certified car-share organization, as defined in Section 166(b)(2), for any resident of the project who so requests and who otherwise qualifies for such membership, provided that such requirement shall be limited to one membership per dwelling unit, when the findings set forth in Section 151.1(d)(2) are made.
- (g) In RTO, and NCT, C-M and South of Market Mixed Use Districts, and the Upper Market Street NCD, and Mission Bay Use Use districts subject to Article 9 of this Code, any request for accessory parking in excess of what is principally permitted in Table 151.1, but which does not exceed the maximum amount stated in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission as a Conditional Use. In MUG, MUR, MUO, and SPD Districts, any project subject to Section 329 and that requests residential accessory parking in excess of that which is principally permitted in Table 151.1, but which does not exceed the maximum amount stated in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission according to the procedures of Section 329. Projects that are not subject to Section 329 shall be reviewed under the procedures detailed in subsection (h)-below.
- (1) In granting such Conditional Use or exception per 329 for parking in excess of that principally permitted in Table 151.1, the Planning Commission shall make the following affirmative findings according to the uses to which the proposed parking is accessory:

(A) Parking for all uses.

- (i) Vehicle movement on or around the project does not unduly impact pedestrian spaces or movement, transit service, bicycle movement, or the overall traffic movement in the district;
- (ii) Accommodating excess accessory parking does not degrade the overall urban design quality of the project proposal;
- (iii) All above-grade parking is architecturally screened and, where appropriate, lined with active uses according to the standards of Section 145.1, and the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code; and
- (iv) Excess accessory parking does not diminish the quality and viability of existing or planned streetscape enhancements.

(B) Parking for Residential Uses.

(i) For projects with 50 dwelling units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 spaces per unit shall be stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that reduces space used for parking and maneuvering, and maximizes other uses.

(C) Parking for Non-Residential Uses.

(i) Projects that provide more than 10 spaces for non-residential uses must dedicate 5% of these spaces, rounded down to the nearest whole number, to short-term, transient use by vehicles from certified car sharing organizations per Section 166, vanpool, rideshare, taxis, or other co-operative auto programs. These spaces shall not be used for long-term storage nor satisfy the requirement of Section 166, but rather to park them during trips to commercial uses. These spaces may be used by shuttle or delivery vehicles used to satisfy subsection (B).

- (ii) Retail uses larger than 20,000 square feet, including but not limited to grocery, hardware, furniture, consumer electronics, greenhouse or nursery, and appliance stores, which sell merchandise that is bulky or difficult to carry by hand or by public transit, shall offer, at minimal or no charge to its customers, door-to-door delivery service and/or shuttle service. This is encouraged, but not required, for retail uses less than 20,000 square feet.
 - (iii) Parking shall be limited to short-term use only.
- (iv) Parking shall be available to the general public at times when such parking is not needed to serve the use or uses to which it is accessory.

Additionally, in granting approval for such accessory parking above that permitted by right, the Commission may require the property owner to pay the annual membership fee to a certified car-share organization, as defined in Section 166(b)(2), for any resident of the project who so requests and who otherwise qualifies for such membership, provided that such requirement shall be limited to one membership per dwelling unit, when the findings set forth in Section 151.1(d)(2) are made.

- (h) Small residential projects in MUG, MUR, MUO, and SPD Districts. Any project that is not subject to the requirements of Section 329 and that requests residential accessory parking in excess of what is principally permitted in Table 151.1 shall be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator subject to Section 307(h). The Zoning Administrator may grant parking in excess of what is principally permitted in Table 151.1, not to exceed the maximum amount stated in Table 151.1, only if the Zoning Administrator determines that all of the following conditions are met:
 - (A) all the conditions of subsection (g)(1)(A) above have been met.
- (B) parking is not accessed from any protected Transit or Pedestrian Street described in Section 155(r), and

(C) where more than ten spaces are proposed at least half of them, rounded down to the nearest whole number, are stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that reduces space used for parking and maneuvering, and maximizes other uses.

(i) Transportation programs in South of Market Mixed Use Districts. Within the South of Market Mixed Use Districts, upon approval by the Zoning Administrator pursuant to Section 307(g), bars, restaurants, arts, nighttime entertainment, and pool halls with an area greater than 10,000 gross square feet and neighborhood-serving retail or personal service activities may be required to participate in a Transportation Management Program approved by the Zoning Administrator which may include, but need not be limited to, participation in a coordinated off-site satellite parking facilities program, shuttle service, bicycle parking, projects and programs to improve parking management, specified signage, and designated advertising procedures.

Section 4. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Section 155, to read as follows:

SEC. 155. GENERAL STANDARDS AS TO LOCATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF OFF-STREET PARKING, FREIGHT LOADING AND SERVICE VEHICLE FACILITIES.

Required off-street parking and freight loading facilities shall meet the following standards as to location and arrangement. In addition, facilities which are not required but are actually provided shall meet the following standards unless such standards are stated to be applicable solely to required facilities. In application of the standards of this Code for off-street parking and loading, reference may be made to provisions of other portions of the Municipal Code concerning off-street parking and loading facilities, and to standards of the Bureau of Engineering of the Department of Public Works. Final authority for the application of such standards under this Code, and for adoption of regulations and interpretations in

furtherance of the stated provisions of this Code shall, however, rest with the Planning Department.

- (a) Every required off-street parking or loading space shall be located on the same lot as the use served by it, except as provided in Sections 159, 160 and 161 of this Code.
- (b) Every required off-street parking or loading space shall be located in its entirety within the lot lines of private property.
- (c) Every off-street parking or loading space shall have adequate means of ingress from and egress to a street or alley. Access to off-street loading spaces shall be from alleys in preference to streets, except where otherwise specified in this Code.

 Adequate reservoir space shall be provided on private property for entrance of vehicles to off-street parking and loading spaces, except with respect to spaces independently accessible directly from the street.
- (1) For residential uses, independently accessible off-street parking spaces shall include spaces accessed by automated garages, or car elevators, lifts or other space-efficient parking as defined in Section 154(a)(4) and Section 154(a)(5) provided that no more than one car needs to be moved under its own power to access any one space.
- (d) All off-street freight loading and service vehicle spaces in the C-3, DTR, MUO, MUG, MUR, and South of Market Mixed Use Districts shall be completely enclosed and access from a public street or alley shall be provided by means of a private service driveway, which is totally contained within the structure. Such a private service driveway shall include adequate space to maneuver trucks and service vehicles into and out of all provided spaces, and shall be designed so as to facilitate access to the subject property while minimizing interference with street and sidewalk circulation. Any such private service driveway shall be of adequate width to accommodate drive-in movement from the adjacent curb or inside traffic lane but shall in no case exceed 30 feet. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an adjacent street

or alley is determined by the Zoning Administrator to be primarily used for building service, up to four off-street freight or loading spaces may be allowed to be individually accessible directly from such a street or alley, pursuant to the provisions of Section 309 in a C-3 District, the provisions of Section 307(g) in a South of Market Mixed Use District, the provisions of Section 309.1 in a DTR District, the provisions of Section 329 for projects subject to Section 329 in a MUO, MUG, or MUR District, or by administrative decision of the Zoning Administrator for projects that do are not subject to Section 329 in a MUO, MUG, or MUR District.

- (e) In a C-3 or South of Market District, where site constraints would make a consolidated freight loading and service vehicle facility impractical, service vehicle spaces required by Sections 153(a)(6) and 154(b)(3) of this Code may be located in a parking garage for the structure or other location separate from freight loading spaces.
- (f) In a C-3, Eastern Neighborhood Mixed Use District or South of Market Mixed Use District, whenever off-street freight loading spaces are provided, freight elevators immediately accessible from the loading dock shall be provided to all floors which contain uses that are included in the calculation of required number of freight loading spaces. If freight loading facilities are subterranean, the location and operation of freight elevators shall be designed, where feasible, to discourage use of freight elevators for deliveries from the ground floor. Directories of building tenants shall be provided at all freight elevators. A raised loading dock or receiving area shall be provided with sufficient dimensions to provide for short-term storage of goods. All required freight loading and service vehicle spaces shall be made available only to those vehicles at all times, and provision shall be made to minimize interference between freight loading and service operations, and garbage dumpster operations and storage.
- (g) In order to discourage long-term commuter parking, any off-street parking spaces provided for a structure or use other than residential or hotel in a C-3, *C-M*, *DTR*, *SLR*, *SSO*, *SPD*, *MUG*, *MUR*, *or MUO* District, or a Mission Bay Use District subject to Article 9 of this

- (h) The internal layout of off-street parking and loading spaces, driveways, aisles and maneuvering areas shall be according to acceptable standards, and all spaces shall be clearly marked.
- (i) For each 25 off-street parking spaces provided, one such space shall be designed and designated for *handicapped* persons *with disabilities*.
- (j) Except as provided by Section 155.1 and Section 155.2 below, for each 20 off-street parking spaces provided, one or more spaces shall be provided for parking of a bicycle. The most restrictive provisions of 155(j) or 155.4 shall prevail.
- (k) Off-street parking and loading facilities shall be arranged, designed and operated so as to prevent encroachments upon sidewalk areas, bicycle lanes, transit-only lanes and adjacent properties, in the maneuvering, standing, queuing and storage of vehicles, by means of the layout and operation of facilities and by use of bumper or wheel guards or such other devices as are necessary.
- (I) Driveways crossing sidewalks shall be no wider than necessary for ingress and egress, and shall be arranged, to the extent practical, so as to minimize the width and frequency of curb cuts, to maximize the number and size of on-street parking spaces available to the public, and to minimize conflicts with pedestrian and transit movements.
- (m) Every off-street parking or loading facility shall be suitably graded, surfaced, drained and maintained.

- (n) Off-street parking and loading spaces shall not occupy any required open space, except as specified in Section 136 of this Code.
- (o) No area credited as all or part of a required off-street parking space shall also be credited as all or part of a required off-street loading space, or used as all or part of an unrequired off-street loading space. No area credited as all or part of a required off-street loading space shall also be credited as all or part of a required off-street parking space, or used as all or part of an unrequired off-street parking space.
- (p) Any off-street freight loading area located within 50 feet of any R District shall be completely enclosed within a building if such freight loading area is used in regular night operation.
 - (q) Rooftop parking shall be screened as provided in Section 141(d) of this Code.
- (r) Protected Pedestrian- <u>Cycling-</u>, and Transit-Oriented Street Frontages. In order to preserve the pedestrian character of certain downtown and neighborhood commercial districts and to minimize delays to transit service, garage entries, driveways or other vehicular access to off-street parking or loading (except for the creation of new publicly-accessible streets and alleys) shall be regulated on development lots as follows on the following street frontages:
- (1) Folsom Street, from Essex Street to the Embarcadero, not permitted except as set forth in Section 827.
 - (2) Not permitted:
 - (A) The entire portion of Market Street from The Embarcadero to Castro Street,
- (B) Hayes Street from Franklin Street to Laguna Street, Church Street in the NCT-3 and Upper Market NCT Districts,
 - (C) Van Ness Avenue from Hayes Street to Mission Street,
 - (D) Mission Street from 10th Street to Division Street,

- (E) Octavia Street from Hayes Street to Fell Street,
- (F) Embarcadero in the DTR Districts,
- (G) 22nd Street between 3rd Street and Minnesota Streets within the NCT-2 District,
- (H) Valencia Street between 15th and 23rd Streets in the Valencia Street NCT District,
- (I) Mission Street for the entirety of the Mission Street NCT District,
- (J) 24th Street for the entirety of the 24th Street-Mission NCT,
- (K) 16th Street between Guerrero and Capp Streets within the Valencia Street NCT and Mission Street NCT Districts,
- (L) 16th Street between Kansas and Mississippi Streets in the UMU and PDR-1-D Districts,
 - (M) 6th Street for its entirety within the SoMa NCT District,
- (N) 3rd Street, in the UMU districts for 100 feet north and south of Mariposa and 100 feet north and south of 20th Streets, and 4th Street between Bryant and Townsend in the SLI and MUO District,
 - (O) Ocean Avenue within the Ocean Avenue NCT District,
 - (P) Geneva Avenue from I-280 to San Jose Avenue within the NCT-2 District,
 - (Q) Columbus Avenue between Washington and North Point Streets,
 - (R) Broadway from the Embarcadero on the east to Mason Street on the west, and
 - (S) All alleyways in the Chinatown Mixed Use Districts.
 - (3) Not permitted except with a Conditional Use authorization:
 - (A) The entire portion of California Street,
- (B) The Embarcadero, Folsom Street, Geary Street, Mission Street, Powell Street and Stockton Street in the C-3 Districts.
 - (C) Grant Avenue from Market Street to Bush Street,
 - (D) Montgomery Street from Market Street to Columbus Avenue,

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- (E) Haight Street from Market Street to Webster Street,
- (F) Church Street and 16th Street in the RTO District,
- (G) Duboce Street from Noe Street to Market Street, and
- (H) Octavia Street from Fell Street to Market Street.
- (4) In C-3, NCT and RTO Districts, no curb cuts accessing off-street parking or loading shall be created or utilized on street frontages identified along any Transit Preferential, Citywide Pedestrian Network or Neighborhood Commercial Streets as designated in the Transportation Element of the General Plan or official City bicycle routes or bicycle lanes, where an alternative frontage is available. For bicycle lanes, the prohibition on curb cuts applies to the side or sides of the street where bicycle lanes are located; for one-way bicycle routes or lanes, the prohibition on curb cuts shall apply to the right side of the street only, unless the officially adopted alignment is along the left side of the street. Where an alternative frontage is not available, parking or loading access along any Transit Preferential, Citywide Pedestrian Network or Neighborhood Commercial Streets as designated in the Transportation Element of the General Plan or official City bicycle lane or bicycle route, may be allowed on streets not listed in subsection (2) above as an exception in the manner provided in Section 309 for C-3 Districts and in Section 303 for NCT and RTO Districts in cases where it can be clearly demonstrated that the final design of the parking access minimizes negative impacts to transit movement and to the safety of pedestrians and bicyclists to the fullest extent feasible.
- (5) A "development lot" shall mean any lot containing a proposal for new construction, building alterations which would increase the gross square footage of a structure by 20 percent or more, or change of use of more than 50 percent of the gross floor area of a structure containing parking. Pre-existing access to off-street parking and loading on development lots that violates the restrictions of this Section 155(r) may not be maintained.

- (s) **Off-Street Parking and Loading in C-3 Districts**. In C-3 Districts, restrictions on the design and location of off-street parking and loading and access to off-street parking and loading are necessary to reduce their negative impacts on neighborhood quality and the pedestrian environment.
 - (1) Ground floor or below-grade parking and street frontages with active uses.
- (A) All off-street parking in C-3 Districts (both as accessory and principal uses) shall be built no higher than the ground-level (up to a maximum ceiling height of 20 feet from grade) unless an exception to this requirement is granted in accordance with Section 309 and subsection 155(s)(2) or a conditional use is authorized in accordance with Section 303 and subsections 155(s)(2) or 155(s)(3) below.
- (B) Parking located at or above ground level shall conform to the street frontage requirements of Section 145.1(c), and shall be lined with active uses, as defined by Section 145.4(e), to a depth of at least 25 feet along all ground-level street frontages, except for space allowed for parking and loading access, building egress, and access to mechanical systems.
- (i) Where a non-accessory off-street parking garage permitted under Section 223(m)-(p) is located in the Mid-Market area described below in subsection 155(s)(3)(B) and fronts more than one street of less than 45 feet in width, a conditional use may be granted in accordance with Section 303 that allows an exception to this requirement for one of the street frontages. The above provision authorizing such conditional use shall sunset eight years from the effective date of the ordinance enacting this subsection 155(s)(1)(A)(i).
- (C) Parking allowed above the ground-level in accordance with an exception under Section 309 or a conditional use in accordance with Section 303 as authorized by subsections 155(s)(2) or 155(s)(3) shall be entirely screened from public rights-of-way in a manner that accentuates ground floor retail and other uses, minimizes louvers and other mechanical features and is in keeping with the overall massing and architectural vocabulary of the

building's lower floors. So as not to preclude conversion of parking space to other uses in the future, parking allowed above the ground-level shall not be sloped and shall have a minimum clear ceiling height of nine feet.

- (2) Residential accessory parking. For residential accessory off-street parking in C-3 Districts, two additional floors of above-grade parking beyond the at-grade parking allowed by Section 155(s)(1), to a maximum ceiling height of 35 feet from grade, may be permitted subject to the provisions of subsections 155(s)(2)(A) or 155(s)(2)(B) below:
- (A) In a manner provided in Section 309 of this Code provided it can be clearly demonstrated that transportation easements or contaminated soil conditions make it practically infeasible to build parking below-ground. The determination of practical infeasibility shall be made based on an independent, third-party geotechnical assessment conducted by a licensed professional and funded by the project sponsor. The Planning Director shall make a determination as to the objectivity of the study prior to the Planning Commission's consideration of the exception application under Section 309.
- (B) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303 of this Code, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that constructing the parking above-grade instead of underground would allow the proposed housing to meet affordability levels for which actual production has not met ABAG production targets as identified in the Housing Element of the General Plan.
- (3) Non-accessory off-street parking garages. For non-accessory off-street parking garages in C-3 Districts permitted under Section 223(m)-(p), two additional floors of abovegrade parking beyond the at-grade parking allowed by Section 155(s)(1), to a maximum ceiling height of 35 feet from grade, may be permitted subject to the provisions of subsections 155(s)(3)(A) or 155(s)(3)(B) below:

- (A) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that transportation easements or contaminated soil conditions make it practically infeasible to build parking below-ground. The determination of practical infeasibility shall be made based on an independent, third-party geotechnical assessment conducted by a licensed professional and funded by the project sponsor. The Planning Director shall make a determination as to the objectivity of the study prior to the Planning Commission's consideration of the conditional use permit application.
- (B) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303, provided the site contains an existing non-accessory off-street surface parking lot with valid permits for such parking as of the effective date of the ordinance enacting this subsection and the site is located in the following Mid-Market area: Assessor's Block 0341, Lots 4 through 9 and 13; Block 0342, Lots 1, 2, 4, 7, 11, 12 and 13; Block 0350, Lots 1 through 4; Block 0355, Lots 3 through 12 and 15; Block 3507, Lot 39; Block 3508, Lots 1, 13, 18, 19, 22, 24 through 27, 39 and 40; Block 3509, Lots 18, 19, 36, 37 and 40 through 43; Block 3510, Lot 1; Block 3701, Lots 5, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20 through 24, 53, 59, 60, 63 and 64; Block 3702, Lots 1, 2, 37, 38, 39, 44, 44A, 45, 46, 47, 48, 48A, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56; Block 3703, Lots 1, 2, 3, 7, 10, 11, 12, 25, 26, 33, 40, 41, 50, 53, 56 through 68, 70, 74, 75, 76, 78 through 81, 84, 85 and 86; Block 3704, Lots 1, 3, 6, 9 through 13, 15, 17 through 22, 24, 35, 38, 39, 42, 43, 45, 62 and 67 through 79, Block 3725, Lot 78, 82, 86 through 91 and 93; Block 3727, Lot 1, 91, 94, 96, 97, 109, 117, 118, 120, 134, 168 and 173; Block 3728, Lot 1, 72, 75, 76, 81, 82, 83, 89, 103 and 105; and Block 0351, Lots 1, 22, 32, 33, 37, 39, 41, 43, 46, 47, 49, 50 and 51 This subsection 155(s)(3)(B) shall sunset on July 22, 2014.
- (4) Parking lots permitted in C-3 Districts as temporary uses according to Section 156(h) and expansions of existing above-grade publicly accessible parking facilities are not subject to the requirements of subsections 155(s)(1)-(3).

(5) Parking and Loading Access.

- (A) Width of openings. Any single development is limited to a total of two facade openings of no more than 11 feet wide each or one opening of no more than 22 feet wide for access to off-street parking and one facade opening of no more than 15 feet wide for access to off-street loading. Shared openings for parking and loading are encouraged. The maximum permitted width of a shared parking and loading garage opening is 27 feet.
- (B) Porte cocheres to accommodate passenger loading and unloading are not permitted except as part of a hotel, inn or hostel use. For the purpose of this Section, a "porte cochere" is defined as an off-street driveway, either covered or uncovered, for the purpose of passenger loading or unloading, situated between the ground floor facade of the building and the sidewalk.

Section 5. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Section 161, to read as follows:

SEC. 161. EXEMPTIONS FROM OFF-STREET PARKING, FREIGHT LOADING AND SERVICE VEHICLE REQUIREMENTS.

The following exemptions shall apply to the requirements for off-street parking and loading spaces set forth in Sections 151 through 155 of this Code. These provisions, as exemptions, shall be narrowly construed.

- (a) **Topography.** No off-street parking shall be required for a one-family or two-family dwelling where the lot on which such dwelling is located is entirely inaccessible by automobile because of topographic conditions.
- (b) **Loading across very wide sidewalks.** No off-street loading shall be required where access to the lot cannot be provided other than by means of a driveway across a

sidewalk 25 feet or more in width from the curb to the front lot line which would cause serious disruption to pedestrian traffic.

- (c) Uses other than dwellings in CVR and CRNC Districts. In recognition of the compact and congested nature of portions of Chinatown, the accessibility of this area by public transit, and programs for provision of public parking facilities on an organized basis at specific locations, no off-street parking shall be required for any use other than dwellings units where a requirement is specified, in Chinatown Visitor Retail, or Chinatown Residential Neighborhood Commercial Districts.
- (d) Uses other than dwellings in the CCB and Washington-Broadway Districts. In recognition of the small scale of development, the desirability of retention and conversion of many existing buildings of established character, the need to relieve congestion, and the provision of public parking facilities on an organized basis at specific locations, no off-street parking shall be required for any use other than dwellings in the Washington Broadway Special Use District Numbers 1 and 2 as described in Section 239 of this Code and in the Chinatown Community Business District, where the size of the lot does not exceed 20,000 square feet.
- (e) **RC-4 Districts.** In recognition of the close neighborhood orientation of the uses provided for in Residential-Commercial Combined Districts of high density, no off-street parking shall be required for any principal use in an RC-4 District for which the form of measurement is occupied floor area, where the occupied floor area of such use does not exceed 10,000 square feet.
- (f) **Waterfront SUDs.** In recognition of the policies set forth in the Northeastern Waterfront Plan, a part of the General Plan, the unique nature of the area and the difficulty of providing vehicular access thereto, the Zoning Administrator or Planning Commission in specific cases may determine an appropriate reduction in off-street parking requirements in

Waterfront Special Use District Numbers 1 and 3 as described in Sections 240.1 and 240.3 of this Code, in authorizing any principal or conditional use, respectively, under those sections. In considering any such reduction, the Zoning Administrator for principal uses, and the Planning Commission for conditional uses, shall consider the criteria set forth in Section 307(i) of this Code.

- (g) **Public parking in lieu of required parking in NC Districts**. In instances in which all public agencies involved have certified by resolution that the requirements of this Code (i) will be satisfied in whole or in part by public off-street parking facilities constructed or authorized to be constructed for a special assessment district or upon any other basis or (ii) in NC Districts will be satisfied by a requirement of a cash contribution in an amount deemed sufficient to provide for the future construction of the required number of parking stalls, <u>or by projects and programs which improve the management of on-street parking in the vicinity or which reduce demand for parking</u>, off-street parking required for individual buildings and uses may be correspondingly reduced if the total off-street parking supply in the area will nevertheless meet the requirements of this Code for all buildings and uses in the area.
- (h) **North of Market Residential SUD.** There shall be no minimum off-street parking requirements in the North of Market Residential Special Use District described in Section 249.5 of this Code.
- (i) Freight loading and service vehicle spaces in C-3 Districts. In recognition of the fact that site constraints in C-3 Districts may make provision of required freight loading and service vehicle spaces impractical or undesirable, a reduction in or waiver of the provision of freight loading and service vehicle spaces for uses in C-3 Districts may be permitted, in accordance with the provisions of Section 309 of this Code. In considering any such reduction or waiver, the following criteria shall be considered:

- (1) Provision of freight loading and service vehicle spaces cannot be accomplished underground because site constraints will not permit ramps, elevators, turntables and maneuvering areas with reasonable safety;
- (2) Provision of the required number of freight loading and service vehicle spaces onsite would result in the use of an unreasonable percentage of ground-floor area, and thereby preclude more desirable use of the ground floor for retail, pedestrian circulation or open space uses:
- (3) A jointly used underground facility with access to a number of separate buildings and meeting the collective needs for freight loading and service vehicles for all uses in the buildings involved, cannot be provided; and
- (4) Spaces for delivery functions can be provided at the adjacent curb without adverse effect on pedestrian circulation, transit operations or general traffic circulation, and off-street space permanently reserved for service vehicles is provided either on-site or in the immediate vicinity of the building.
- (j) **NC and RC Districts.** The Zoning Administrator may reduce the off-street parking requirements in NC Districts, as described in Article 7 of this Code, and in RC Districts pursuant to the procedures and criteria of Sections 307(g) and (i) of this Code.
- (k) Arts Activities in South of Market Mixed-Use Districts. For arts activities in the RED, RSD, SLR, SLI or SSO Districts which will operate primarily during evenings and weekends, the Zoning Administrator may reduce or waive the off-street parking requirement when he or she determines pursuant to Section 307(g) that within an 800 foot walking distance from the site the anticipated demand from the proposed project, in combination with the existing nighttime and/or weekend demand for parking within the same geographic area at the time of the permit application, would not exceed 90 percent of the on-street or off street parking spaces available to the public within the subject area. The applicant shall provide to the Zoning Administrator an acceptable parking survey and study which

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shows evidence of existing parking resources and demand and anticipated demand generated by the proposed project and nearby land uses. The Zoning Administrator may impose conditions on reduction or waiver of the requirement, including, but not limited to, advertising of nearby transit and parking facilities, requiring valet parking services and/or leasing parking spaces on nearby lots during performance or exhibition activities.

(1) Non-residential uses in South of Market Mixed-Use Districts.-Beginning on the effective date of Ordinance No. 412-88 (effective October 10, 1988), within any South of Market Mixed Use District, the Zoning Administrator, upon application pursuant to Section 307(g), may waive or reduce the required off-street parking for any nonresidential use where he or she determines that: (1) sufficient spaces to replace the waived or modified requirement will be provided within a parking facility open to the public sponsored by the San Francisco Parking Authority or the City and County of San Francisco; (2) it is anticipated that the replacement spaces will be available not more than 10 years after the parking would otherwise first be required to be available; (3) the facility in question is within a walking distance, as defined in Section 159(d), of one half mile; and (4) the applicant agrees to pay a one time fee of \$15,000.00 (this amount shall be adjusted annually effective April 1st of each calendar year by the percentage of change in the Building Cost Index used by the San Francisco Department of Building Inspection) for each space as to which the requirement is waived or modified, which fee shall be deposited to the Off-Street Parking Fund for the purpose of acquiring property or rights to property, through lease, purchase, or other means, and design, improvement and maintenance of property, for the general purpose of providing publicly accessible parking within the South of Market Mixed Use District, as defined in Planning Code Section 820 and identified on Sectional Map 3SU of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco, which parking is reasonably expected to be used by persons who live, work, shop, do business or visit in the South of Market Mixed Use District. Said fee, and any interest accrued by such fee, shall be used for the purposes stated herein unless it is

demonstrated that it is no longer needed. This payment shall be paid in full to the City prior to the issuance of any temporary or other certificate of occupancy for the subject property.

(k)(m) **Historic Buildings.**-There shall be no minimum off-street parking or loading requirements for any principal or conditional use located in (A) a landmark building designated per Article 10 of this Code, (B) a contributing building located within a designated historic district per Article 10, (C) any building designated Category I-IV per Article 11 of this Code, or (D) buildings listed on the National Register and/or California Register.

(1) (n) **Dwellings in Chinatown Mixed-Use Districts.** With respect to dwelling units in the Chinatown Mixed Use Districts, the parking requirement may be reduced to not less than one space for each four dwelling units, if the Zoning Administrator determines pursuant to Section 307(g) that the reduced parking requirement is sufficient to serve the reasonably anticipated auto ownership by residents of and auto usage by visitors to the project.

(o) Parking Management Programs in South of Market Mixed-Use Districts. Within the South of Market Mixed Use District, upon approval by the Zoning Administrator pursuant to Section 307(g), the required off street parking for bars, restaurants, arts, nighttime entertainment, pool halls, and neighborhood serving retail or personal service activities may be modified, reduced or waived through participation in a Parking Management Program approved by the Zoning Administrator which may include, but need not be limited to, participation in a coordinated off site satellite parking facilities program, shuttle service, specified signage and designated advertising procedures.

(m) Landmark and Significant Trees. The required off-street parking and loading may be reduced or waived if the Zoning Administrator determines that provision of required off-street parking or loading would result in the loss of or damage to a designated Landmark Tree or Significant Tree, as defined in the Public Works Code. The Zoning Administrator's decision shall be governed by Section 307(i) and shall require either (i) the recommendation of the Department of Public

Works E	<u>Bureau o</u>	<u>f Urban</u>	Forestry.	or its	successo	r agency	, or (ii)	the recon	<u>nmendation</u>	of a
<u>certified</u>	arborist	<u>as docu</u>	<u>umented </u>	<u>in the</u>	subject tre	<u>e's requ</u>	<u>ired tre</u>	<u>e protecti</u>	<u>on plan.</u>	

- (n) Geologic hazards. No off-street parking or loading shall be required where the Planning

 Department finds that required parking or loading cannot practically be provided without

 compromising the earthquake safety or geologic stability of a building and/or neighboring structures

 and properties.
- (o) Protected street frontages and transit stops. The Planning Commission may reduce or waive required parking or loading for a project if it finds that:
- (1) The only feasible street frontage for a driveway or entrance to off-street parking or loading is located on a protected pedestrian-, cycling-, and transit-oriented street frontage, as defined in Section 155(r), or;
- (2) The only feasible street frontage for a driveway or entrance to off-street parking or loading is located at a transit stop; and
- (3) The reduced or waived parking and loading can meet the reasonably anticipated mobility needs of residents of, workers in, and visitors to the project.
- (p) Garage additions in the North Beach *NCD* Neighborhood Commercial District, North Beach-Telegraph Hill Special Use District, and Chinatown Mixed-Use Districts. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, a mandatory discretionary hearing by the Planning Commission is required in order to install a garage in an existing residential structure of four units or more in the North Beach NCD, the North Beach-Telegraph Hill Special Use District, and the Chinatown Mixed Use Districts; Section 311 notice is required for a building of less than four units.

In approving installation of the garage, the Commission shall find that: (1) the proposed garage opening/addition of off-street parking will not cause the "removal" or "conversion of residential unit," as those terms are defined in Section 317 of this Code; (2) the proposed

garage opening/addition of off-street parking will not substantially decrease the livability of a dwelling unit without increasing the floor area in a commensurate amount; (3) the building has not had two or more evictions with each eviction associated with a separate unit(s) within the past ten years, and (4) the proposed garage/addition of off-street parking installation is consistent with the Priority Policies of Section 101.1 of this Code. Prior to the Planning Commission hearing, or prior to issuance of notification under Section 311(c)(2) of this Code, the Planning Department shall require a signed affidavit by the project sponsor attesting to (1), (2), and (3) above, which the Department shall independently verify. The Department shall also have made a determination that the project complies with (4) above.

(q) Protected Trees: Street Trees, Significant Trees and Landmark Trees. The required offstreet parking and loading may be reduced or waived by the Zoning Administrator Pursuant to Section

307(i) of this Code upon either (i) the recommendation of the Department of Public Works Bureau of
Urban Forestry, or its successor agency, or (ii) the recommendation of a certified arborist as
documented in the subject tree's required tree protection plan.

Section 6. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Section 249.1, to read as follows:

SEC. 249.1. FOLSOM AND MAIN RESIDENTIAL/COMMERCIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

(a) **Purpose.** In order to convert an under-utilized and outmoded industrial area to a unique residential neighborhood close to downtown which will contribute significantly to the City's housing supply, create tapered residential buildings, provide an appropriate mixture of retail sales and personal services to support new residential development, provide a buffer of office and parking use between the bridge and freeway ramps and the housing sites, and allow the existing industrial, service and office uses to remain, there shall be the Folsom and Main Residential/Commercial Special Use District as designated on Sectional Map 1SU of the

Zoning Map.

- (b) **Controls.** The following zoning controls are applicable in the Residential/Commercial Special Use District.
 - (1) Reduction of Ground-Level Wind Currents.
- (A) **Requirement.** New buildings and additions to existing buildings shall be shaped, or other wind-baffling measures shall be adopted, so that the developments will not cause ground-level wind currents to exceed, more than 10 percent of the time year-round, between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., the comfort level of 11 m.p.h. equivalent wind speed in areas of substantial pedestrian use and seven m.p.h. equivalent wind speed in public seating areas. The term "equivalent wind speed" shall mean an hourly mean wind speed adjusted to incorporate the effects of gustiness or turbulence on pedestrians.

When preexisting ambient wind speeds exceed the comfort level, or when a proposed building or addition may cause ambient wind speeds to exceed the comfort level, the building shall be designed to reduce the ambient wind speeds to meet the requirements. The provisions of this Section 249.1(b)(3) shall not apply to any buildings or additions to existing buildings for which a draft EIR has been published prior to January 1, 1985.

(B) **Exception**. The Zoning Administrator may allow the building or addition to add to the amount of time the comfort level is exceeded by the least practical amount if (1) it can be shown that a building or addition cannot be shaped and other wind-baffling measures cannot be adopted to meet the foregoing requirements without creating an unattractive and ungainly building form and without unduly restricting the development potential of the building site in question, and (2) it is concluded that, because of the limited amount by which the comfort level is exceeded, the limited location in which the comfort level is exceeded, or the limited time during which the comfort level is exceeded, the addition is insubstantial.

The Zoning Administrator shall not grant an exception and no building or addition shall

be permitted that causes equivalent wind speeds to reach or exceed the hazard level of 26 miles per hour for a single hour of the year.

- (C) **Procedures.** Procedures and methodologies for implementing this Section shall be specified by the Office of Environmental Review of the <u>Planning</u> Department <u>of City</u>

 <u>Planning</u>.
 - (2) **Uses**.
- (A) Permitted uses are (i) those listed in Sections 209.1 and 209.2 of this Code and (ii) those permitted in an RC-4 District, plus the uses listed in subsection (e)(1)(B) below; provided that, for newly constructed buildings or additions of twenty percent (20%) or more of an existing building's gross floor area, at least six net square feet of residential use is provided for each one net square foot of non-residential use on any lot. Additions of less than twenty percent (20%) of a building's gross floor area are exempt from the six to one residential requirements. Once granted, this exemption from the residential development requirement for building additions may not be repeated for any single property. Any addition of more than twenty percent (20%) of gross square feet of building area shall be required to provide the housing on a 6 to 1 basis for all of the additional building area. All areas used for parking for either residential or non-residential uses shall be excluded in the calculation of the residential/non-residential ratio. For the purposes of application of this 6 to 1 ratio, hotels, inns or hostels as defined under Section 209.2(d) and (e) shall be considered a non-residential rather than a residential use.
- (B) The use provisions applicable to an RC-4 District shall be applicable to the "Residential/Commercial" Subdistrict with the following modifications or additions:
- (i) all uses listed under Section 209.3 ("Institutions") shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
 - (ii) all uses listed under Section 209.4 ("Community Facilities") shall be permitted as of

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right as principal uses;

- (iii) utility uses listed in Section 209.6 shall be permitted as conditional uses, with such utility uses to include telecommunications and internet communication co-location, web-hosting and other similar facilities, provided such uses are primarily conducted within enclosed buildings;
- (iv) in lieu of Section 209.7, automotive uses shall be those permitted in Section 223(a), Section 223(m) (except that such use shall be permitted as a principal use for only five (5) years after the construction of the building, after which a conditional use authorization shall be required), and Section 223(p) (except that such parking lot shall be a conditional use limited to two years per each conditional use authorization);
 - (v) Section 209.8 shall not be applicable;
 - (vi) all uses listed in Section 218 shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
- (vii) all uses listed in Section 219(c) shall be permitted as of right above the ground floor or below the ground floor, and all office uses listed in Section 219(c) shall be permitted on the ground floor as conditional uses;
- (viii) all uses listed in Section 222 shall be permitted as of right above or below the ground level, and shall be conditional uses at the ground level
 - (ix) all uses listed in Section 221(a)—(f) shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
 - (x) all uses listed in Section 224(a) shall be permitted as conditional uses;
 - (xi) all uses listed in Section 225(b) shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
 - (xii) all uses listed in Section 226(a) shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
- (xiii) commercial wireless facilities as per Section 227(h) or (i) shall be permitted as conditional uses;
 - (xiv) all uses listed in Section 227(r) shall be permitted as of right as principal uses.
 - (C) A nonconforming use may changed to any equally or more conforming use without

providing the 6 to 1 ratio of required residential space.

- (D) No use, even though listed as a permitted use or otherwise allowed, shall be permitted in the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict which, by reason of its nature or manner of operation, creates conditions that are hazardous, noxious, or offensive through the emission of odor, fumes, smoke, cinders, dust, gas, vibration, glare, refuse, water-carried waste, or excessive noise.
 - (3) **Density**.
- (A) **Residential Density.** There shall be no density limit for residential uses in the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict. The provisions of Sections 207.1 and 208 related to residential density shall not apply.
- (B) **Non-residential Density.** There shall be a density limit for non-residential uses, which shall be measured as a Floor Area Ratio (FAR), as defined by Section 102.9, 102.10, 102.11 and 124 of this Code. The maximum nonresidential FAR for newly constructed buildings or additions of twenty percent (20%) or more of an existing building shall be 0.75. Otherwise the FAR for the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict shall be 5 to 1. The provisions of Section 123, 124, 125 and 127 relating to Floor Area Ratio shall apply.
- (C) Area used for parking for commercial uses or residential uses including parking permitted as of right or by conditional use shall not be considered as commercial FAR.
 - (4) Open Space.
- (A) Open space shall be provided at the ratio of thirty-six net square feet of open space for each dwelling unit if all private, with a ratio of 1.33 of common usable open space that may be substituted for private; open space shall be provided at the ratio of one square foot of open space per 50 square feet of gross floor area for all other uses.
- (B) The open space requirement for residential use may be met by providing one or more of the following types of open space: private usable open space as set forth below;

common open space, including an unenclosed park or plaza at grade or above, or an enclosed or partly enclosed pool or a health club, accessible to residents and guests of residents and not to the general public, and "publicly accessible open space" as set forth in (C)(i) below. Where any publicly accessible open space is used to satisfy the open space requirements for both residential and non-residential use, the open space area must be of an area at least equal to the sum of the separate open space requirements to be satisfied by that open space. Up to forty percent (40%) of the open space requirement for residential uses may be met by providing private open spaces, provided that any such private open space counted toward a portion of the open space requirement has a minimum area of 36 square feet, with a minimum dimension of four feet in any direction.

- (C) The open space requirement for non-residential uses shall be met by providing "publicly accessible open space," which is defined as open space situated in such locations and which provides such ingress and egress as will make the area accessible to the general public and which is open to the public daily for at least twelve daylight hours.
- (i) **Publicly accessible open space.** One or more of the following types of open space shall satisfy the definition of publicly accessible open space:
 - (AA) An unenclosed park or garden at grade or above;
- (BB) An unenclosed plaza with seating areas and landscaping and no more than ten percent (10%) of the floor area devoted to food or beverage service;
- (CC) An enclosed pedestrian pathway, which extends through the building, which is accessed from a public street at grade, which is landscaped and has access to natural light and ventilation, and in which retail space may face the pedestrian path inside the building provided that no more than twenty percent (20%) of the floor area of the required open space may be devoted to seating areas within the pedestrian path;
 - (DD) A sun terrace or solarium with landscaping;

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- (EE) Sidewalk widening following a regular pattern of setbacks;
- (FF) A recreation facility on the roof of a parking garage;
- (GG) An unenclosed pedestrian street that traverses a large block in an east-west direction;
 - (HH) A publicly-accessible area with a scenic overlook;
 - (II) A publicly-accessible area within 900 feet of the site;
 - (JJ) Streetscapes on surrounding streets, as approved by the Planning Department; or
- (KK) Other similar open space features as more particularly defined in the Recreation and Open Space Section of the Rincon Hill Plan, a part of the General Plan. If a sidewalk widening is used to meet the open space requirement, the Planning Commission shall require approval of the open space proposal by the Department of Public Works prior to Planning Commission approval of the project.
- (ii) The required publicly accessible open space shall, as determined by the Zoning Administrator:
- (AA) Be in such locations and provide such ingress and egress as will make the area convenient, safe, secure and easily accessible to the general public;
 - (BB) Be appropriately landscaped;
 - (CC) Be accessible to public water and toilet facilities;
 - (DD) Be protected from uncomfortable winds;
- (EE) Incorporate ample seating and, if appropriate, access to limited amounts of food and beverage service, which will enhance public use of the area;
 - (FF) Be well signed and accessible to the public during daylight hours;
- (GG) Have adequate access to sunlight if sunlight access is appropriate to the type of area;
 - (HH) Be well lighted if the area is of the type requiring artificial illumination;

- (II) Be designed to enhance user safety and security;
- (JJ) Be of sufficient size to be attractive and practical for its intended use; and
- (KK) The owner of the property on which the open space is located shall maintain it by keeping the area clean and free of litter and keeping in a healthy state any plant material that is provided. The Zoning Administrator shall have authority to require a property owner to hold harmless the City and County of San Francisco, its officers, agents and employees, from any damage or injury caused by the design, construction or maintenance of open space, and to require the owner or owners or subsequent owner or owners of the property to be solely liable for any damage or loss occasioned by an act or neglect in respect to the design, construction or maintenance of the open space.
 - (D) The provisions of Section 135 concerning usable open space shall not apply.
- (5) Parking Requirements. <u>Parking requirements in the Special Use District shall be those</u> of a Downtown Residential (DTR) District, as defined in Section 151.1 of this code.
- (A) There shall be no more than one parking space for each dwelling unit. Parking in excess of one parking space for each dwelling unit shall not be classified as an accessory use, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 204.5(c) of this Code.
- (B) Parking for retail uses shall be provided at a ratio of one space for each 500 occupied square feet of retail space for the first 60,000 occupied square feet of retail space on any project site; any parking for retail square footage in excess of 60,000 square feet per project shall not exceed a ratio of one space per each 1,500 occupied square feet of retail space.
- (C) Parking for all office uses and any other non-retail commercial use shall be provided at a ratio of one space for each 1,500 occupied square feet of space.
- (D) At street level, parking shall not front on Folsom Street, and within 25 feet horizontal distance from other street rights of way cannot occupy more than twenty percent (20%) at street level of the cumulative street frontage in the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict.

(E) In addition to the amounts of parking set forth above, additional parking shall be allowed as of right for any project that submitted an application for environmental review prior to December 31, 2001, where such parking is necessary to replace parking for any agency or department of the United States Federal Government that is located on, or immediately adjacent to, a development site.

(6) Street-facing Use Requirements.

- (A) Ground floor retail space (including personal service and restaurants) and space devoted to building and pedestrian circulation is required along the street frontage for a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the street frontage; exceptions to this standard may be granted administratively by the Zoning Administrator if (s)he deems the exception to provide a more attractive, usable and visually interesting pedestrian streetscape.
- (B) Uses along a street frontage at grade level shall be visually interesting and attractive to pedestrians. Curb cuts shall be minimized. No parking ingress or egress shall be permitted that would disrupt or delay transit service.
- (7) **Site Coverage.** There shall be no limit on site coverage. One hundred percent (100%) site coverage shall be permitted.
- (8) **Dwelling Unit Exposure.** In light of the high-density nature of the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict, the dwelling unit exposure requirements of Section 140 shall not apply.
 - (9) Height and Tower Separation Standards.
 - (A) There shall be an 85-foot maximum height for the podium/base of a building.
- (B) There shall be an overall height limit of 400 feet in the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict.
- (C) There shall be a 50 foot minimum tower height differential between towers on the same development site.
 - (D) In the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict, there shall be a minimum 821/2 foot

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separation between towers.

- (E) All space above the 200-foot height level shall be devoted to residential use.
- (10) **Bulk Standards.** The Residential/Commercial Subdistrict shall be subject to "W" Bulk District controls, as follows:
- (A) Base (0—85 feet): Unlimited. The site coverage limitations of Section 249.1(b)(1) shall not apply.

(B)

- (i) (1) Buildings over 85 in height, but less than 300 feet in height, shall be limited to a maximum plan length of 100 feet and a maximum diagonal length of 125 feet.
- (ii) (2) Buildings over 300 feet in height shall not exceed a maximum plan length of 115 feet and a maximum diagonal length of 145 feet.
- (iii) (3) Minor increases in Plan length for the purposes of improved design may be approved pursuant to Section 271.
- (C) A 10% volume reduction is required for the upper tower of any building that is 300 feet in height or taller. The upper tower is defined as the top one-third portion of a free standing tower; for a tower that sits atop a podium or base, the upper tower is defined as the top one-third of the height of the tower as measured from the top of the podium or base.
- (D) Folsom Street Setback: Above the 85 foot base, at least 50% of the entire Folsom Street frontage shall be set back a minimum of 12½ feet. No setback will be required for any portion of the frontage occupied by a tower with a height in excess of 85 feet, unless that tower or towers occupies more than 50% of the total Folsom Street frontage.
- (E) The floor plates on either tower shall not exceed an average of 11,000 gross square feet over the entire tower.

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Section 7. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Section 249.23, to read as follows:

SEC. 249.23. FOURTH AND FREELON STREETS SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

There shall be a special use district known as the Fourth Street, Freelon Street, Zoe Street and Welsh Street, as designated on Sectional Map No. 1SU of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. The following controls shall apply within this Special Use District.

(a) Conversion of Previously Approved But Not Yet Constructed Live/Work Units to Market-Rate Housing. The developer of previously approved but not yet constructed live/work units may convert the units to market-rate residential units and construct additional new market-rate residential units on the site provided that (i) the developer, at his, her or its sole expense, constructs affordable housing off-site with square footage equal to 15% of the total residential units proposed to be constructed offsetting the developer's site acquisition costs against the costs of construction, and (ii) the affordable housing is constructed of similar high quality construction to the market rate units on land owned or purchased by the developer and is located in the South of Market Area or the North of Market Residential Special Use District, (iii) the off-site affordable housing building shall contain a minimum of 56 dwellings of no less than 400 square feet each, (iv) the off-site affordable units shall be rental units, (v) the off-site affordable rental units shall be marketed and monitored in accordance with the requirements of the Procedures Manual approved under Section 401 315.1(33) of the Planning this Code, except that the owner shall, to the extent permitted by law, give top priority to current Single Room Occupancy tenants and families with low- and very-low income, (vi) the affordable rental units shall remain subject to the affordability requirements of the Procedures Manual for a period of 50 years from their date of initial occupancy, (vii) upon completion, the land title shall be transferred to and the off-site affordable housing building

shall be owned, managed and operated by a nonprofit housing organization, and (viii) the deed to the off-site affordable housing building and the associated land shall be transferred to a non-profit affordable housing organization selected by the Mayor's Office of Housing if the original nonprofit housing organization is dissolved. If no such nonprofit housing organization can be found, the off-site affordable housing building and the associated land shall revert to the City. The off-site affordable housing building and the associated land shall not be sold or transferred without the consent of the Mayor's Office of Housing. The nonprofit housing organization shall be responsible for securing all required City approvals and permits for the affordable housing project, with the cost of securing such approvals and permits borne by the developer as its costs of development.

For purposes of this section, "affordable" shall be defined as affordable to low- and lower-income households with income not exceeding 50% of San Francisco's median income. The developer shall pay to the San Francisco School District School Fees for the new market rate units less the amount of school fees already paid to the District for the previously approved live/work units.

- (b) **Principal Permitted Uses.** The principal permitted uses in this Special Use District shall be a residential and retail mixed-use development. Office use is not allowed, except for office use accessory to a permitted retail use. Live/work is not permitted in this Special Use District. The construction of market-rate residential units is permitted only if the provisions of Subsection (a) above are met.
- (c) **Dwelling Unit Density.** The dwelling unit density shall be governed by the allowable building envelope.
- (d) **Rear Yard.** The rear yard requirement shall be 15% of the lot depth. However, the Zoning Administrator may administratively modify the location of the required rear yard, provided that a comparable amount of open space is provided elsewhere in this Special Use

District or within the development where it is more accessible to the residents of the development.

- (e) **Usable Open Space.** The usable open space shall be 36 square feet per unit for private usable open space, or 48 square feet per unit for common usable open space.
- (f) Sunlight and Dwelling Unit Exposure Requirements. The Planning Commission may grant an exception to Section 135(g)(2) and Section 140 of this Code pursuant to Subsection 249.23(j) of this Ordinance.
- (g) Off-Street Parking. No more than one off street parking space shall be provided for each dwelling unit. The off street parking space shall meet the standards set forth in Section 154 of this Code.
- (h) Height and Bulk Restrictions. The base height and bulk applicable to this Special Use District is 50-X. An exception to the height requirement up to a maximum of 85 feet may be approved pursuant to Subsection (j) of this Section.
 - (h) Yards. No front or side yard shall be required in this Special Use District
- (i) Project Approval. The Planning Commission shall conduct a duly noticed public hearing on the application for an alteration to the previously approved live/work project. Conditional use authorization is required for a project in this Special Use District meeting the requirements set forth in Subsection (a) of this Section. The Planning Commission may grant an exception to the 50 height limit up to 85 feet and may approve the project, provided that the Commission finds that (i) the height of the building or structure does not exceed 85 feet, (ii) the project complies with the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section, (iii) the proposed project meets the additional criteria set forth in Section 303(c) of this Code, and (iv) the project sponsor has provided evidence that a mechanism will be in place to assure completion and maintenance of the off-site affordable housing and insurance against construction defects. The creation of this Special Use District shall not limit the discretion vested in the Planning

Commission in its review including but not limited to height, building scale, required setbacks and street frontage treatments of the projects.

(j) (k) Timing of Construction. The project applicant shall insure that the off-site units are constructed, completed, and ready for occupancy no later than the market rate units in the principal project. The off-site inclusionary units requirements shall be met on-site pursuant to the provisions of Section 415.5 315.4 of this Code in the event that no off-site project is built by the project applicant.

(k) (l) Notice. Upon receipt of an alteration permit application for a residential development meeting the requirements of subsection (a) of this Section, the Planning Department shall provide notice of the development to property owners and occupants within a 300 foot radius of this Special Use District.

Section 8. The San Francisco Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Article 9, Part VII, to read as follows: Note: All changes to Article 9 have been withdrawn.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DENNIS J./HERRERA, City Attorney

Bv:

Deputy City Attorney

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City and County of San Francisco **Tails**

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number:

101350

Date Passed: June 21, 2011

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Planning Code by amending Sections 151, 151.1, 155, 161, 249.1, and 249.23 to: 1) remove minimum parking requirements and establish maximum parking limits in M-1, C-M, and South of Market districts and the Folsom and Main Residential/Commercial and Fourth and Freelon Streets Special Use Districts to make them consistent with those of neighboring districts; 2) require that non-residential and non-hotel parking in C-3 in the South of Market Mixed Use districts adjacent to Downtown maintain a fee structure which discourages long-term commuter parking; and 3) adopting findings, including environmental findings, Section 302 findings, and findings of consistency with the General Plan and the Priority Policies of Planning Code Section 101.1.

June 06, 2011 Land Use and Economic Development Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING NEW TITLE

June 06, 2011 Land Use and Economic Development Committee - RECOMMENDED AS **AMENDED**

June 14, 2011 Board of Supervisors - PASSED, ON FIRST READING

Aves: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

June 21, 2011 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

File No. 101350

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 6/21/2011 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board