File No. 100159	Committee Item No	4
	Board Item No.	

### **COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

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Board of Su	pervisors Meeting	Date	
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	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget Analyst Report Legislative Analyst Report Introduction Form (for hearing Department/Agency Cover Let MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Award Letter Application Public Correspondence	•	ort
OTHER  OTHER	(Use back side if additional sp		
Completed b Completed b	y: <u>Gail Johnson</u> y:	Date	7/12/10

An asterisked item represents the cover sheet to a document that exceeds 25 pages. The complete document is in the file.



[Submission of Parking Tax Increase and Tax on Valet Services to voters.]

Motion ordering submitted to the voters an ordinance authorizing the "Ordinance amending Sections 602 and 602.5 of Article 9 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code (Tax on Occupancy of Parking Space in Parking Station) to increase the tax rate from 15 percent to 25 percent, making the total tax rate, including the existing surcharge, 35 percent; amending Section 601 to clarify the definition of "Operator" and "Occupant" and to add a new definition of "Valet Parking Service Provider"; and adding Section 602B to impose an additional tax of 35 percent on gross receipts from valet parking services" at an election to be held on November 2, 2010.

MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby submits the following ordinance to the voters of the City and County of San Francisco, at an election to be held on November 2, 2010.

Ordinance amending Sections 602 and 602.5 of Article 9 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code (Tax on Occupancy of Parking Space in Parking Station) to increase the tax rate from 15 percent to 25 percent, making the total tax rate, including the existing surcharge, 35 percent; amending Section 601 to clarify the definition of "Operator" and "Occupant" and to add a new definition of "Valet Parking Service Provider," and adding Section 602B to impose an additional tax of 35 percent on gross receipts from valet parking services.

Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman;</u> deletions are <u>strike through italics Times New Roman</u>.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Supervisor Mirkarimi
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

NOTE:

Section 1. Pursuant to Article XIIIC of the Constitution of the State of California, this ordinance shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the City and County of San Francisco, at the November 2, 2010 consolidated general election and shall become operative only if approved by the qualified electors at that election.

Section 2. The San Francisco Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by amending Sections 601, 602, and 602.5 and by adding Section 602B to read as follows: SEC. 601. ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.

When used in this Article the following terms shall mean or include:

- (a) "Operator." Any person operating a *parking station Parking Station* in the City and County of San Francisco, including but not limited to, the owner or proprietor of such premises, lessee, sublessee, mortgagee in possession, licensee, *a valet parking service*, or any other person otherwise operating such *parking station Parking Station*. A person who otherwise qualifies as an *operator Operator* as herein defined shall not, by reason of the fact that he was exempt from the tax herein imposed, be exempted from the obligations of an *operator Operator* hereunder.
- (b) "Occupant." A person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses or has the right to use or possess any space for the parking of a *motor vehicle Motor Vehicle* in a *parking station Parking Station* under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement or otherwise, *including a person who delivers a Motor Vehicle to a valet parking service for parking*.
- (c) "Occupancy." The use or possession or the right to the use or possession of any space for the parking of a *motor vehicle Motor Vehicle* in a *parking station*.
- (d) "Parking Station." The term "parking station Parking Station" shall include, but is not limited to:

Supervisor Mirkarimi BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

- (1) Any outdoor space or uncovered plot, place, lot, parcel, yard or enclosure, or any portion thereof, where *motor-vehicles Motor Vehicles* may be parked, stored, housed or kept, for which any charge is made;
- (2) Any building or structure, or any portion thereof in which *motor vehicles Motor*Vehicles may be parked, stored, housed or kept, for which any charge is made.
- (e) "Motor Vehicle." The term "*motor vehicle* <u>Motor Vehicle</u>" includes every self-propelled vehicle operated or suitable for operation on the highway.
- (f) "Rent." The consideration received for *occupancy Occupancy* valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including all receipts, cash, credits and property or services of any kind or nature, and also the amount for which credit is allowed by the *operator Operator* to the *occupant Occupant* without any deduction therefrom whatsoever.
- (g) "Parking Meter." Any device which, when the recording device thereof is set in motion, or immediately following the deposit of any coin, shall register the period of time that any *motor vehicle* Motor Vehicle may be parked adjacent thereto.

(h)"Valet Parking Service Provider." A business that offers valet parking services, such as parking, storing or retrieving Motor Vehicles.

SEC. 602. - IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAX.

Subject to the provisions of this Article, there is hereby imposed a tax of <u>1525</u> percent for the <u>rent Rent</u> of every <u>occupancy Occupancy</u> of parking space in a <u>parking station Parking</u> <u>Station</u> in the City and County.

SEC. 602.5. - IMPOSITION OF A 10- 10 PERCENT SURCHARGE.

There shall be an additional tax of 10 percent on the rent Rent of every occupancy

Occupancy of parking space in a parking station Parking Station in the City and County of

San Francisco on and after July 1, 1980. The total tax on the rent Rent of every occupancy

Occupancy after the effective date of this surcharge January 1, 2011 shall be 2535 percent.

When rent-Rent is paid, charged, billed or falls due on either a weekly, monthly or other term basis, the rent-Rent so paid, charged, billed or falling due shall be subject to the tax of 15 percent herein imposed to the extent that it covers any portion of the period prior to July 1, 1980, and to the tax of 15 percent herein plus the amount of surcharge imposed to the extent that it covers any portion of the period on and after July 1, 1980, and to the tax of 25 percent herein plus the amount of surcharge imposed to the extent that it covers any portion of the period on and after January 1, 2011, and such payment, charge, bill or rent-Rent due shall be apportioned on the basis of the ratio of the number of days falling within said periods to the total number of days covered thereby. Where any tax has been paid hereunder upon any rent-Rent without any right of occupancy Occupancy therefor, the Tax Collector may by regulation provide for credit or refund of the amount of such tax upon application therefor as provided in this Code.

The surcharge tax so collected shall be deposited in the General Fund subject to appropriation pursuant to the budget and fiscal provisions of the Charter.

By adopting this ordinance the People of the City and County of San Francisco do not intend to limit or in any way curtail any powers the Board of Supervisors may exercise as to the subject matter of this ordinance, including, but not limited to, raising the rate of taxation or surcharge, lowering the rate of taxation or surcharge, eliminating the tax or surcharge, or creating or defining new categories of taxpayers under this ordinance.

SEC. 602B: ADDITIONAL TAX ON VALET PARKING SERVICES.

(a) In addition to the tax on the use or Occupancy of parking space, there is hereby imposed on Valet Parking Service Providers a tax of 35 percent of gross receipts that a Valet Parking Service

Provider receives from all charges for valet parking services, including but not limited to any fee or charge, on either an hourly rate, flat fee or other basis for services that a Valet Parking Service

Provider provides to park, store or retrieve Motor Vehicles, regardless of who arranges for the services or at what yenue the valet parking service offers the services and regardless of whether the valet

parking service charges the fee to the person in possession of the vehicle or to someone else. Charges that a parking facility open to the public makes, whether on a transaction by transaction, monthly or other basis, where the vehicle owner drives the vehicle to the entrance of a parking facility and the attendant parks the vehicle are rent for occupancy of parking space and are not charges for valet parking services.

(b) The Valet Parking Service Provider shall remit the tax to the Tax Collector in the same manner that it remits the Tax on the Occupancy of Parking Space. The Valet Parking Service Provider may deduct from the tax due on the Occupancy of parking space, any tax that it pays on the Occupancy of parking space in a Parking Station, provided it proves to the satisfaction of the Tax Collector, that the tax deducted has been reported and remitted to the Tax Collector by the Parking Station Operator.

Section 3. The operative date of this ordinance will be January 1, 2011.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By:

JE⁄AN H. ALEXANDER Deputy City Attorney

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### LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Submission of Parking Tax Increase and Tax on Valet Services to voters.]

Ordinance amending Sections 602 and 602.5 of Article 9 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code (Tax on Occupancy of Parking Space in Parking Station) to increase the tax rate from 15 percent to 25 percent, making the total tax rate, including the existing surcharge, 35 percent; amending Section 601 to clarify the definition of "Operator" and "Occupant" and to add a new definition of "Valet Parking Service Provider"; and adding Section 602B to impose an additional tax of 35 percent on gross receipts from valet parking services.

### **Existing Law**

The City currently imposes a 25 percent tax on the cost of parking in most paid parking spaces located in San Francisco. This parking tax does not apply to fees for valet parking services when the valet parking company does not pay for the use of the property where it parks the cars.

### Amendments to Current Law

This ordinance would increase from 25 percent to 35 percent the total tax paid for most paid parking spaces located in San Francisco. This ordinance would apply a 35 percent tax to fees for valet parking services, in addition to the Parking Tax. This additional revenue would be deposited in the City's General Fund.

### **BACKGROUND**

Article XIIIC of the California Constitution requires that any new, increased, or extended general tax be approved by majority vote of the qualified electors at a general municipal election.



Ben Rosenfield Controller

Monique Zmuda Deputy Controller

July 9, 2010

Mr. John Arntz
Department of Elections
City Hall, Room 48
Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

RE: Ordinance increasing the Parking Tax rate and Tax on Valet Services

Dear Mr. Arntz,

Should the proposed ordinance be approved by the voters, in my opinion, it would result in an annual revenue increase of approximately \$17 million to \$20 million. The ordinance would increase the parking tax rate from 25% to 35% and would impose a tax of 35% on the gross receipts that a valet parking service provider receives for valet parking services, effective January 1, 2011. The estimate range is for the value of the parking tax rate increase only, assuming a moderate drop in demand due to the increase in price, and does not include the net effect of increased revenue from valet parking services and increased administrative costs associated with collecting it.

Sincerely,

Ben Rosenfield Controller This analysis reflects our current understanding of the proposal. We will update this analysis as additional information becomes available. Should this item be placed on the November 2, 2010 ballot, we will prepare a fiscal impact statement for the Voter Information Pamphlet.



2010 JUL 12 PM 10: 44

Ben Rosenfield Controller

Monique Zmuda Deputy Controller

July 09, 2010

The Honorable Board of Supervisors City and County of San Francisco Room 244, City Hall

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board of Supervisors Room 244, City Hall

Re: Office of Economic Analysis Impact Report for File Number 100759

Dear Madam Clerk and Members of the Board:

The Office of Economic Analysis is pleased to present you with its economic impact report on file number 100759, "Parking Tax Increase and Tax on Valet Services: Economic Impact Report." If you have any questions about this report, please contact me at (415) 554-5268.

Best Regards,

Ted Egan

Chief Economist

Office of the Controller – Office of Economic Analysis

## Parking Tax Increase and Tax on Valet Services: Economic Impact Report

Item #100759 Office of Economic Analysis July 9, 2010



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### **Overview**

- The proposed legislation raises tax revenue from parking in two ways:
- Raises the City's parking tax from 25% to 35% (including surcharge).
- Imposes a new gross receipts tax on valet services at 35%.
- station in the city, whether it is an indoor garage or outdoor The Parking Tax is owed by anyone who operates a parking space.
- Valet Services are not currently covered by the Parking Tax.

Office of the Controller — Office of Economic Analysis

Economic Impact Factors

- Increasing the Parking Tax and imposing a tax on valet services both increase the cost of parking in San Francisco.
- expense of parking, and will take other transportation modes or Some drivers will choose not to drive because of the higher reduce trips. This has economic and environmental consequences.
- less income to spend on other consumer items. This will reduce Drivers who do not switch will pay more for parking and have private sector employment, particularly in retail trade.
- The City will have increased revenue to sustain City employment and other City spending.

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# General Impacts of Higher Parking Prices

- On the Parking Tax base:
- with respect to parking prices is between -0.9 and -1.2, meaning a 1% increase in parking price leads to a 0.9% - 1.2% decrease in parking garage revenues (and hence the tax base of the parking Research\* has suggested that the elasticity of parking revenues tax).
- The elasticity is relatively high because parkers can respond to the tax in several ways: switching modes, reducing trips, and shortening trips—all of which reduce parking revenue.
- On Driving Behavior and Other Transportation Modes:
- Similarly, a 1% increase in parking price leads to a 0.16% decrease in car trips, a 0.03% increase in carpooling, walking, and biking, and a 0.02% increase in transit use.



## Transportation in San Francisco mpact of This Legislation on Sitice of the Controller — Office of Economic Analysis

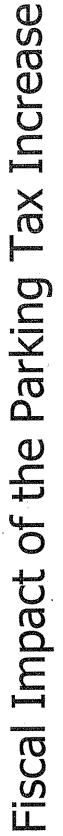
An increase in the Parking Tax from 25% to 35% represents an 8% increase in the overall cost of parking.

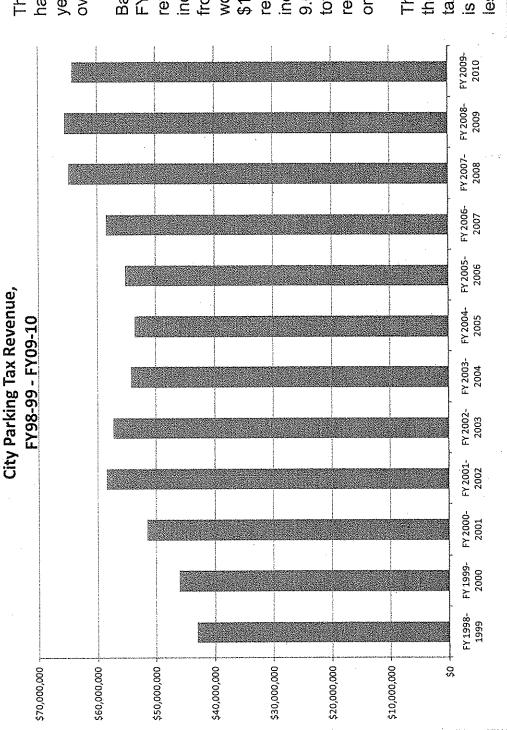
(300,000 per year), and a 0.2% increase in transit trips (270,000 reduction in parking revenue, a 1.3% reduction in driving trips As shown below, this increase would lead to an 7.2% - 9.6% per year).

	Parking Garage		epochtasa ana canara
	Revenue (mid-		MATTER CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY
Cost of Parking	range)	Driving Trips	Transit Use
%8	-7.2%9.6%	-1.3%	0.2%
	\$18.4M - \$24.6M	-304,849	268,800

Impacts of Changing Transportation Choices

- transportation, and also the one with the greatest In general, auto use is the fastest mode of urban environmental impact.
- Discouraging auto trips imposes a higher time cost on residents and workers, but also reduces the environmental impact of travel.
- The number of annual trips affected by this legislation is very small in the context of all transportation in the City. An upper-end estimate of the time cost could be \$3 million per year.





The Parking Tax has grown at 4% per year on average over the last decade.

Based on budgeted FY2010-11 revenues, an increase in the tax from 25% to 35% would generate \$17-\$19 million in new revenue. This includes the 7.2 – 9.6% reduction in total parking revenue discussed on page 6.

The fiscal impact of the valet services tax is unknown, but is likely very much



Private, Non-Farm, Public Sector, and Total Employment Impacts of the 2015 2016 - - Private Non-Farm 2012 2013 2014 80 9 40 20 20 8 ŝ of the controller—Office of Economic Analysis



Proposed Legislation, 2011-2030

economic impact of sector job loss over higher government educed consumer employment. Total spending leads to the next 20 years; multiplier on retai rade spending is eads to private employment is higher public ower than for The primary government spending it

represents. Reduced positive because the the legislation is the spending and higher consumer spending government



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## Staff Contacts

554-5268 Ted Egan, Chief Economist (415) Ted.egan@sfgov.org





SFMTM | Municipal learn police many series

Gavin Newsom | Mayor
Tom Nolan | Chairman
Jerry Lee | Vice-Chairman
Cameron Beach | Director
Malcolm Heinicke | Director
Bruce Oka | Director

June 4, 2010

Nathaniel P. Ford Sr. | Executive Director/CEO

San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Supervisors:

As you know, recent operating budget shortfalls due to loss of state funding as well as other economic factors have resulted in transit service reductions, fare increases and the inability to fund other transportation projects. Additionally, funds normally used for critical capital projects have had to be made available for operating purposes to prevent even more severe service cuts and fare increases.

In response, on June 1, 2010, the SFMTA Board of Directors adopted a resolution, a copy of which is attached, requesting the Board of Supervisors assistance in two possible ballot measures. The SFMTA Board of Directors also considered other revenue options, but concurred with the SFMTA Citizens' Advisory Council in preferring measures that generate revenues with a strong nexus to transportation.

First, the SFMTA Board of Directors requests the Board of Supervisors' consideration of a November 2010 ballot measure for a 10 percent increase in the Commercial Off-street Parking Tax from 25 percent to 35 percent. This measure, if approved, would generate General Fund revenues, estimated between \$25 to \$30 million annually, 80 percent of which would be allocated to the SFMTA under the Proposition A's mandate.

Second, the SFMTA Board of Directors requests the Board of Supervisors' assistance in enacting a Vehicle License Fee (VLF)<sup>1</sup> for the City. This effort will require approval both at the State and local levels and therefore will be a longer term effort.

The SFMTA understands the challenges of securing additional resources to sustain and enhance transit service, particularly in the current economic environment. Consistent with the City's Transit First Policy, the SFMTA also recognizes the need to avoid further service reductions. Whether or not one uses Muni, a robust transit system is key to increasing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The VLF was established by the state legislature in 1935 in lieu of a property tax on vehicles. The formula for VLF assessment is based upon the purchase price of the vehicle or the value of the vehicle when acquired, adjusted for depreciation. The California Department of Motor Vehicles returns almost all VLF revenue to the cities and counties. After having been reduced from its historical rate of 2 percent, the state temporarily increased the VLF rate from 0.65 percent to 1.15 percent on May 19, 2009 to help address its budget deficit. This temporary rate increase, in effect through June 30, 2011, may be extended for another year depending on the state's budget situation. If approved, the VLF is estimated to generate revenues between \$30 to \$35 million.

### Page 2.

economic vitality through enhancing access to employment and businesses, reducing traffic congestion and air pollution, avoiding fluctuating gas prices, mitigating climate change and lessening oil dependence. With this in mind, the SFMTA Board of Directors respectfully requests the Board of Supervisors' assistance with these two ballot measures.

Sincerely,

Tom Nolan, Chairman SFMTA Board of Directors Jerry Lee, Vice Chairman SFMTA Board of Directors

enc. SFMTA Board of Directors' Resolution

cc: Mayor Gavin Newsom SFMTA Board of Directors

Nathaniel P. Ford Sr., Executive Director/CEO

### SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### **RESOLUTION No. 10-078**

WHEREAS, The SFMTA provides essential transportation services, including approximately 700,000 average weekday trips on the Muni system, but recently eliminated 313,000 annual transit service hours (10 percent) due to insufficient funds to pay for day-to-day operating expenses; and,

WHEREAS, The voter-approved Proposition A (2007) states, "The Mayor, the Board of Supervisors, and the Agency (SFMTA) diligently shall seek to develop new sources of funding for the Agency's operations, including sources of funding dedicated to the support of such operations, which can be used to supplement or replace that portion of the Municipal Transportation Fund consisting of appropriations from the General Fund of the City and County"; and,

WHEREAS, Under Proposition A, "Unless prohibited by preemptive state law, the Agency may submit any proposal for increased or reallocated funding to support all or a portion of the operations of the Agency, including, without limitation, a tax or special assessment directly to the electorate for approval, or to the owners of property or businesses to be specially assessed, or to any persons or entities whose approval may be legally required, without further approval of the Mayor or the Board of Supervisors"; and,

WHEREAS, Consistent with the City's "Transit First" Policy, securing new revenue sources to fund a comprehensive and frequent transit network, as well as other sustainable transportation options such as bicycling and walking, is key to increasing economic vitality through enhancing access to employment and businesses, reducing traffic congestion and air pollution, avoiding high gas prices, mitigating climate change and lessening oil dependence; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors urges the Board of Supervisors to seek voter approval for an increase in the Commercial Off-Street Parking Tax from 25% to 35% and proceed with any other necessary legislation required to place this measure on the November 2, 2010, ballot that; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors urges the Board of Supervisors to seek State and local approval to increase the Vehicle License fee rate from 1.15% to 2% and proceed with any other necessary legislation required to place this measure on the ballot when the timing is appropriate; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That the funds raised by these measures, if approved by the voters, support SFMTA programs including, but not limited to, the restoration of any lost service hours to the transit system.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors at its meeting of June 1, 2010.

Secretary to the Board of Directors

San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency