IChild Care Centers for City Projects and City-Funded Private Projects; Feasibility Study Required.]

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by adding Chapter 29B to require a City agency or a private developer that receives City funds for a development project, as defined, of 50,000 gross square feet or more to prepare a feasibility study for providing an on-site child care center whenever it plans to construct or purchase a building, lease more than 50 percent of space in a private building for an initial term of more than one year, or alter more than 50 percent of the space in an existing building; adopting findings, including environmental findings.

NOTE:

Additions are single-underline italics Times New Roman; deletions are strike through italies Times New Roman. Board amendment additions are double-underlined; Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco: Section 1. Findings.

- Environmental Findings. The Planning Department has determined that the (a) actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seg.) Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 101094
  - (b) General Findings.
- (1) In a report prepared for the Bay Area Council and the Bay Area Early Childhood Funders in 2009 entitled "Key to Economic Success in the 21st Century," the authors state that there is a substantial body of research showing that investments in high-quality educational experiences during the years from birth to age five significantly improve not only school achievement but also a range of social and economic outcomes throughout life. Economists

Supervisor Dufty, Alioto-Pier, Chiu, Mar, Maxwell, Campos **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS** 

have shown that public investments in high-quality early child care and education generate a higher rate of return than almost any other public investment. However, early child care and education in the Bay Area is expensive and working families with young children, most of whom receive no government subsidies, typically devote large portions of their income to child care.

- (2) In a 2009 report, the National Association of Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies (NAACRA) found that in every region of the country, average child care fees for an infant were higher than the average amount that families spent on food; child care fees for two children at any age exceeded median rent costs and were as high or higher than the average mortgage payment. The cost of child care is rising faster than inflation.
- (3) In San Francisco, the availability of child care spaces at high-quality, community-based child care programs is at a premium, with infant care being the most difficult to find. According to the Child Care Needs Assessment prepared in 2007 by the San Francisco Child Care Planning & Advisory Council, San Francisco has increased the City's licensed center capacity by 1,264 slots since the 2002 Needs Assessment. Concerted efforts by the City, child care providers, foundations, and corporate support contributed to the growth in infant/toddler care as well as preschool and school-age care. Despite existing efforts, however, there remains a considerable gap in available licensed care. Studies have shown that in San Francisco, licensed care is available for only 43 percent of parents in the labor force. For one-third of the families with children who need licensed child care, it is unavailable irrespective of affordability. Licensed child care spaces are particularly limited in specific neighborhoods, such as the downtown corridor and South of Market.
- (4) San Francisco currently has a child care requirement for private projects that is codified in Section 414 et seq. of the Planning Code. Under Section 414 et seq., an office or hotel development project in the downtown area proposing the net addition of 50,000 or more

gross square feet of office or hotel space must provide a licensed child care facility or pay an in-lieu fee. A child care nexus study prepared for the City and County of San Francisco in 2007 found that there is a shortage of approximately 17,828 spaces overall for children aged 0 to 13 in San Francisco; most of this shortage is for preschool-age and school-age care. For infant care, only 46 percent of the demand is being met. Overall, one-third of children that need a licensed child care space may not have one available, and the City will experience even more demand in the future based on projected population growth.

- (5) The lack of affordable quality child care for workers greatly affects the productivity of the workforce. Large employers in the City who have built on-site child care for their employees, such as Pacific Gas &Electric, The Gap, and University of California at San Francisco, have stated that their investments of company resources in on-site child care has increased recruitment and yielded a more stable productive workforce. Offering on-site child care for employees also boosts the morale of all employees, not only those who use the child care services.
- (6) The Federal Government has recognized that providing its employees with the opportunity for quality child care at the work site of a federal agency can enhance the performance of the organization, especially because the majority of worker absences result from the breakdown in child care arrangements, and increase the employee's allegiance to the workplace as a quality, family-friendly environment. Therefore, the Federal Government has a policy of providing child care centers in federal buildings for government employees and also for nonemployees if space is available.
- (7) As a large employer, the City and County of San Francisco is severely impacted by the lack of affordable quality child care in San Francisco. Requiring City agencies to explore the feasibility of building on-site child care whenever they construct, purchase, lease, or perform a major renovation to a City facility would not only provide the significant benefits

that have been recognized by the Federal Government and large private-sector San Francisco employers, it would also ease the demand for child care services in private facilities. Requiring that private developers who receive City funds for a large project also comply with this requirement would ensure that these developments do not burden San Francisco's already scarce child care resources.

Section 2. The San Francisco Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding Chapter 29B, to read as follows:

## CHAPTER 29B: CHILD CARE FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR CITY AND CITY-FUNDED PROJECTS

SEC. 29B.1. Applicability.

- (a) This Chapter shall be applicable to:
- (1) a City development project of more than 50,000 25,000 gross square feet or more proposed and/or funded by a City agency; and
- (2) a privately-sponsored development project of more than 50,000 25,000 gross square feet proposed by a private developer or more receiving any funds controlled by the City and County of San Francisco unless the developer is required to comply with Planning Code Section 414 et seq.

SEC. 29B.2. Definitions.

- (1) "Child Care Feasibility Study" or "Feasibility Study." A study described in Section 29B.4.
- (2) "City agency." An office, board, department, commission, or other unit of government of the City and County of San Francisco.
- (3) "Development project" or "project." A project to (a) construct a new building, (b) purchase an existing building, (c) perform alterations to more than 50 percent of the gross square footage of an existing building, or (d) lease more than 50 percent of the space in a privately-owned

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building for an initial term of more than one year. It shall not include a building that will not be used primarily for human occupancy.

(4) "Project sponsor." The City agency or private developer of a project subject to this Chapter.

SEC. 29B.3. Purpose. The purpose of this Chapter is to ensure that San Francisco is a leader in the provision of child care, that City agencies understand their employee's child care needs, and that any new demand for child care services that a proposed development project would generate is considered early in the project development process and included as part of the total project budget. This will enhance the performance and morale of City employees by offering the opportunity for quality child care in a City-owned or controlled space, and to increase the availability of quality child care options in the City and County of San Francisco.

SEC. 29B.4. Child Care Feasibility Study.

(a) Preparation of Study. A City agency or private developer that is subject to the requirements of this Chapter shall prepare a Child Care Feasibility Study that considers the build out and tenant improvements of a child care center on the project site that contains the information required in subsection (d) below and has the minimum features described in subsection (e). The Feasibility Study shall be prepared at an early stage in the project design when budgeting and other planning decisions are made and must be completed and submitted as required by subsection (b)(ii) below prior to any funding approvals.

The sponsor of a development project subject to this Article shall consult with the San Francisco Department of Children, Youth and their Families (DCYF) in preparing the Child Care Feasibility Study. DCYF shall be responsible for providing all of the necessary data on the child care needs generated by a specific project. DCYF will provide all of the applicable/needed data on child care needs related to a specific project. DCYF would provide the child care data for demographics, existing area deficiencies, availability, and pricing.

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- (f) (e) Approval by the Department of Children, Youth and their Families. The consultant that prepares the Child Care Feasibility Study required by this Chapter shall be on the list of consultants approved by the San Francisco Department of Children, Youth and their Families as qualified to prepare the Feasibility Study. If the City agency or private sponsor of a development project subject to this Chapter wishes to use either its own staff or a consultant that is not on the Department of Children, Youth and their Families' list, it must obtain the prior written approval of that Department.
- (g) If a City agency proposes an office development project, as defined in Section

  401 of the San Francisco Planning Code, that creates a need for additional child care services

  and has decided not to provide new child care services as part of the proposed project, the

  sponsoring agency shall provide evidence to the agencies approving the project that the

  sponsor fairly considered providing child care services early in project development and why

  such services would not be provided.

SEC. 29A.5. Annual Report by City Administrator. One year after the effective date of this
Chapter, and every year thereafter, the City Administrator shall prepare and submit to the Board of
Supervisors a report that summarizes any waivers that have been granted pursuant to Subsection (c) of
this Chapter. A copy of the Annual Report shall also be provided to the San Francisco Child Care
Planning and Advisory Council and the Department of Children, Youth and Their Families.

SEC. 29A.6. Severability.

If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this Chapter 29B is for any reason held to be unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective by any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of the remaining portions of this Chapter 29B. The Board of Supervisors declares that it would have passed each section,

1	paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Chapter 29B irrespective of the fact that any
2	portion of this Chapter 29B could be declared unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective.
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4	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
5	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
6	By: Judith a. BOYAJIAN Judith A. BOYAJIAN
7	Deputy City Attorney
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## City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall

I Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

## Ordinance

File Number: 101094 Date Passed: January 04, 2011

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by adding Chapter 29B to require a City agency, or a private developer that receives City funds for a development project, as defined, to prepare a feasibility study for providing an on-site child care center whenever it plans to construct or purchase a building, lease more than 50 percent of space in a private building for an initial term of more than one year, or alter more than 50 percent of the space in an existing building; adopting findings, including environmental findings.

November 22, 2010 Land Use and Economic Development Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

November 22, 2010 Land Use and Economic Development Committee - RECOMMENDED AS AMENDED

December 07, 2010 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkarimi

December 07, 2010 Board of Supervisors - PASSED ON FIRST READING AS AMENDED Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkarimi

December 14, 2010 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkarimi

December 14, 2010 Board of Supervisors - PASSED ON FIRST READING AS AMENDED Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkarimi

January 04, 2011 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkarimi

File No. 101094

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 1/4/2011 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board

Mayor Gavin Newsom