1	[Police Code - Safe Storage and Enhanced-Lethality Ammunition Findings]		
2			
3	Ordinance amending the San Francisco Police Code by adding Sections 4511 and		
4	613.9.5 to add findings to ordinances: 1) requiring a handgun to be kept in a locked		
5	container or disabled with a trigger lock; and 2) prohibiting the sale of enhanced-		
6	lethality ammunition.		
7 8	NOTE: Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman;</u> deletions are <u>strike-through italics Times New Roman</u> . Board amendment additions are <u>double-underlined;</u>		
9	Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal.		
10	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:		
11	Section 1. The San Francisco Police Code is hereby amended by adding Sections		
12	4511 and 613.9.5, to read as follows:		
13	SECTION 4511. FINDINGS.		
14	1. Firearm injuries have a significant public health impact both nationally and locally.		
15	a. In the United States, firearm injuries accounted for 6.6 percent of premature		
16	deaths from 1999-2007. Shootings are a leading cause of injury deaths in the nation, second only to		
17	motor vehicle crashes. On average, there were 30,125 firearm deaths in the United States annually		
18	between 2000 and 2007, inclusive. In 2007, 31,224 Americans died in firearm-related homicides,		
19	suicides, and unintentional shootings – the equivalent of 85 deaths each day and more than three		
20	deaths each hour.		
21	b. Nationally, more than two thirds of homicides and over half of all suicides are		
22	committed with firearms.		
23	c. Unintentional shootings killed over 5,700 people in the U.S. between 2000 and		
24	2007. In 2009, over 18,000 people were treated for unintentional gunshot wounds in the United States.		
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1	d. The firearm-related homicide, suicide, and unintentional death rates for children	
2	5-14 years old in the United States are significantly higher than those other industrialized nations.	
3	e. Over the last five years, firearm injuries have ranked third of all causes of injury	
4	death in San Francisco, after pedestrian fatalities and falls, respectively. Almost two thirds of these	
5	firearm deaths were homicides. In addition, gunshot wounds were the third most common reason for	
6	injury-related hospitalizations in San Francisco from 2005 to 2008 and fourth in 2009. Firearm-	
7.	related suicides accounted for 16.2 percent of the suicide deaths in San Francisco in Fiscal Year 2009-	
8	<u>2010.</u>	
9	f. San Francisco General Hospital, as the only trauma center in San Francisco,	
10	treats approximately 98 percent of the city's shooting victims annually. Approximately 80 percent of	
11	the individuals treated for violent injuries at San Francisco General Hospital are uninsured.	
12	2. Having a loaded or unlocked gun in the home is associated with an increased risk of	
13	gun-related injury and death.	
14	a. A firearm stored loaded or unlocked increases the risk of an accidental shooting.	
15	b. All U.S. case control studies (12 to date) have found that people who die by	
16	suicide are more likely to have lived in a home with a gun than similar people who did not die by	
17	suicide. Studies have also shown that the risk of suicide increases in homes where guns are kept loaded	
18	or unlocked.	
19	c. A 2007 study compared the 40 million people who live in the states with the	
20	lowest firearm prevalence (Hawaii, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Connecticut, and	
21	New York) to about the same number living in the states with the highest firearm prevalence (Wyoming	
22	South Dakota, Alaska, West Virginia, Montana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Iowa, North Dakota, Alabama,	
23	Kentucky, Wisconsin, Louisiana, Tennessee, and Utah). Although non-firearm suicides were about	
24	equal in the two groups, total suicides were almost twice as high in the high-gun states.	
25		

1	d. Keeping unsecured guns in the home increases the flow of illegal guns into the
2	community. More than half a million firearms are stolen each year in the United States and many are
3	subsequently sold illegally.
4	3. Children are particularly at risk of injury and death, or causing injury and death, when
5	they can access guns in their own homes or homes that they visit.
6	a. The authors of a 2005 study found that an estimated 1.69 million children age 18
7	and under are living in households with loaded and unlocked firearms. Many young children,
8	including children as young as three years old, are strong enough to fire handguns.
9	b. A significant majority of the guns used in youth suicide attempts and
10	unintentional injuries were stored in the residence of the victim, a relative, or a friend. Of youths under
11	18 who died by firearm suicide, the vast majority used a family member's gun, usually a parent's. And
12	more than two thirds of school shooters obtained their gun(s) from their own home or that of a relative.
13	c. Quick access to loaded firearms heightens the risk that a young person's
14	impulsive decision to commit suicide will be carried out without reflection or seeking help, and that the
15	impulsive attempt will be fatal. One third of youths who died by suicide had faced a crisis within the
16	previous 24 hours. Among people who nearly died in a suicide attempt, almost a quarter indicated that
17	fewer than five minutes had passed between deciding on suicide and making the attempt. While fewer
18	than 10 percent of suicide attempts by other means are fatal, at least 85 percent of firearm suicide
19	attempts end in death.
20	4. Guns kept in the home are most often used in suicides and against family and friends
21	rather than in self-defense.
22	a. Guns kept in a home are more likely to be involved in an unintentional shooting,
23	criminal assault, or suicide attempt than to kill or injure in self-defense.
24	b. Only one in ten firearm homicides in the shooter's home is considered justifiable,
25	meaning the shooter was not the assailant. Of every ten firearm homicide victims killed at the shooter's

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1	Section 2.
2	date of passage.
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4	APPROVED AS DENNIS J. HERF
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Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days from the

TO FORM: RERA, City Attorney

Mangoba ty Attorney

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City and County of San Francisco **Tails**

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number:

110901

Date Passed: October 04, 2011

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Police Code by adding Sections 4511 and 613.9.5 to add findings to ordinances: 1) requiring a handgun to be kept in a locked container or disabled with a trigger lock; and 2) prohibiting the sale of enhanced-lethality ammunition.

September 15, 2011 Public Safety Committee - RECOMMENDED

September 27, 2011 Board of Supervisors - PASSED, ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

October 04, 2011 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

File No. 110901

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 10/4/2011 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board